

**MICS-XC
Norstar-Companion
Installer Guide**

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Regulations

Federal Communications Commission (U.S. only)

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has designated UTAM Inc. to manage the installation and relocation of Unlicensed Personal Communication Services (UPCS). This includes Norstar Companion Base Stations and Portable Telephones.

Companion Base Stations

The radiated and conducted emissions of the Companion Base Station radios must not exceed the requirements for digital cordless telephones as outlined in FCC Part 15-subpart D (DOC RSS-130 documents in Canada). Do not install the Base Station in ducts, plenums, or hollow spaces used to transport environmental air.

Note: In Canada, Base Stations may be installed where the duct, plenum or hollow space is created by a suspended ceiling having lay-in panels or tiles, in accordance with CE Handbook Rule 60-402.

Activation (U.S. only)

Wireless communication on a Companion system cannot be activated until installation at its authorized location is verified and approved by UTAM Inc. This system is equipped with an automatic mechanism for disabling wireless operation in the event it is moved outside the area where its operation has been approved by UTAM Inc. This mechanism complies with FCC requirements.

Safety



Do not connect the administration set or Base Stations directly to a CO line.

Doing so may result in equipment damage.



The Norstar administration set and Base Stations must not be used as off-premises equipment.

Installers must check the lightning surge arrestors at the cable entry point to the building with special attention to the grounding. Report any problems to your telephone company in writing.

Do not install Norstar administration sets and Base Stations outside of the building because they are not lightning protected.

Norstar Companion basics

Norstar Companion provides mobility in the workplace. With Companion, your telephone can go with you, allowing you to make and receive calls while on the move. Calls that used to ring just at your desk can also appear and ring at your portable (this is called twinning). Twinning works provided that the portable is assigned the desk telephone DN as an Answer DN. Wireless twinning is improved by assigning the same answer key to your Norstar desk telephone and to your wireless portable telephone.

The portable telephones can access most Norstar business features such as call forward, call transfer, conferencing, and voice mail. Companion on Norstar consists of four main components:

ICS and Norstar XC software - Norstar XC software manages the telephone traffic between Companion Base Stations and portable telephones. Base Stations are connected to the ICS in the same way as Norstar sets. Companion portable telephones are registered on the system and do not take up any ports on the system. Up to 60 portable telephones and up to 32 Base Stations (32 cells) can be connected to the system.

Companion Base Stations - Base Stations are positioned throughout the coverage area to send and receive calls between the portable telephones and the ICS. The Base Stations use advanced digital radio technology and support handoff and roaming within the coverage area which can be up to 160,000 square meters (three million square feet) when using the maximum number of Base Stations.

Before the Base Stations can be used in the United States, UTAM codes must be obtained and entered using an administration terminal or Norstar Remote Utilities (NRU). See “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68 for more detailed information.

Companion Portable Telephones - The portable telephones used with your Norstar system are small, lightweight units with fully digital performance to provide clear voice quality. Companion portable telephones feature a three line, 16-character, alphanumeric display. For more information on the portable used with your MICS XC system, refer to the *Companion Portable Telephone User Guide* that is supplied with it.

Before the portables can be used in the United States, portable credits must be obtained. See “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68

Administration and Maintenance Tools - Programming of the Companion system is easily and quickly done through an M7310 or M7324 digital telephone set. You can assign portable telephones to the system, check Base Station parameters, and enable and disable registration.

System programming can also be done using Norstar Remote Utilities (NRU) software on a personal computer (PC).

Companion Diagnostic Software allows diagnostics to be run on the wireless system and can be done either locally or remotely via a PC.

Norstar Voice Mail - If you are using Norstar Voice Mail with your Companion system, Version 3.0 is recommended as a minimum Voice Mail software version.

Note: Versions 4.0 and 5.0 are also supported.

For information on how to access Norstar Voice Mail using your Norstar Companion portable, refer to the *Portable Telephone Feature Card* that is supplied with it.

What's new with Norstar

New features

Norstar introduces Hunt Groups capability plus two new features including two wireless call pickup features, Directed Call Pickup and Group Pickup, and wireless Portable Language Selection. Enhancements have been made to wireless Call Forward No Answer and wireless Twinning.

For a complete list of other features supported on Companion portables refer to the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Hunt Groups

Your Norstar system now allows you to establish Hunt Groups in your system. Hunt Groups are a group of Norstar sets that can be called by a single directory number. The Hunt Groups feature ensures calls are easily routed to the appropriate people. For information about which features are affected by Hunt Groups see the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

For information on how to program Hunt Groups see the *Modular ICS System Coordinator Guide*.

Wireless call pickup features

The wireless call pickup features allow portable handset users to use a feature code to answer internal or external calls which are ringing at other sets. Two types of wireless call pickup are supported:

Directed Call Pickup

Directed Call Pickup allows you to answer any telephone that is ringing in your Norstar system by entering a feature code

and specifying that set's DN. For more information see the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Group Pickup

Group Pickup allows the portable user to answer a call ringing on another set in the same pickup group by entering a feature code. For more information see the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Wireless Portable Language Selection

This feature allows you to change the language of the prompts controlled by the ICS as they appear on the portable's display, including both the display prompts and voice prompts from voice mail.

Norstar supports English, French and Spanish. For more information see the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Wireless Call Forward No Answer enhancement

This enhancement stops the Companion portable from ringing when the call has been forwarded to its new destination. The portable user can still answer the call, but it does not ring. For more information see the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Wireless Twinning enhancement

Wireless twinning is improved by assigning the same answer key to your Norstar desk telephone and to your wireless portable telephone.

Planning the installation

Planning checklist

- Verify that you have approval from UTAM Inc. (U.S. only)
- Verify that a site planner determined Base Station locations and recorded them in the *Provisioning Record*.

Required equipment and supplies

- Companion portable telephones
- Companion Base Stations
- Companion Remote Power Interconnect device
- Companion ID Labels (See “Step 1: Obtain the Companion ID” on page 69.)

Configuring Station Modules

When installing wireless capabilities, use only the last two (or highest numbered) ports for connecting the Companion Base Stations.

Each Station Module allows you to connect up to 16 additional Norstar telephones to the system.

Maximum number of Norstar telephones on a system

mini	midi		maxi				mega			
	SM3	SM4	SM5	SM6	SM7	SM8	SM9	SM10	SM11	SM12
32	48	64	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192

Each Station Module that is used for Norstar Companion allows you to connect up to 16 Base Stations to the system.

Maximum number of Norstar Companion Base Stations on a system

mini	midi		maxi		mega	
ICS	SM3	SM4	SM7	SM8	SM13	SM14
16	16	32	16	32	16	32

Configuring expansion modules

With the addition of an Expansion Cartridge or a Combo Cartridge in the ICS, you can add Trunk Modules and/or Station Modules to increase your system capacity.

Previous users of the Norstar 0X32 system should note that the Key Service Unit (KSU) has been renamed the Integrated Communication System (ICS).

Installed in ICS	Additional modules allowed		
	Trunk	Station	Maximum
XC system Combo cartridge (6-port + Services) (maxi)	6	6	6
Combo and 6-port cartridges (mega)	6	12*	12
Two Combo cartridges (mega)	6	12*	12
Two 6-port cartridges (mega)	6	12*	12

*The last two ports are reserved for Companion use only.

Note: For each type of expanded system above, Norstar Companion capability is supported. For wireless capability you must install MICS-XC software.

On a mini system

Note: Port 1 and 2 are on the ICS.

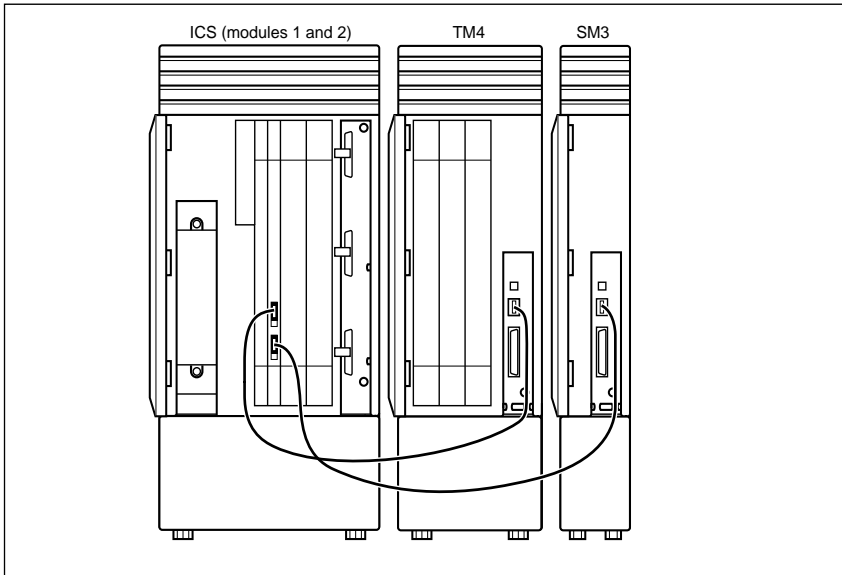
On a “mini” or non-expanded system, port 1 on the ICS (station ports 101 to 132) is used for both Base Stations and Norstar sets. No fiber ports are used since no Station Module is required. Directly connect your Base Stations or Norstar sets to port 1 on the ICS via a wiring distribution panel.

On a midi system

On midi and maxi systems, the highest numbered ports can be used for *both* Base Stations and Norstar sets. Therefore, sets and Base Stations can share the two highest numbered fiber ports.

A system expanded to 4 ports (midi size) includes one 2-port expansion cartridge with fiber ports numbered 3 and 4, and 1 and 2 on the ICS. The Base Stations *must* be physically connected (via a Station Module) to fiber ports 3 and 4 only. If only one Station Module supporting Base Stations is required, connect it to the highest-numbered port (port 4).

Two-port Expansion Cartridge



On a maxi system

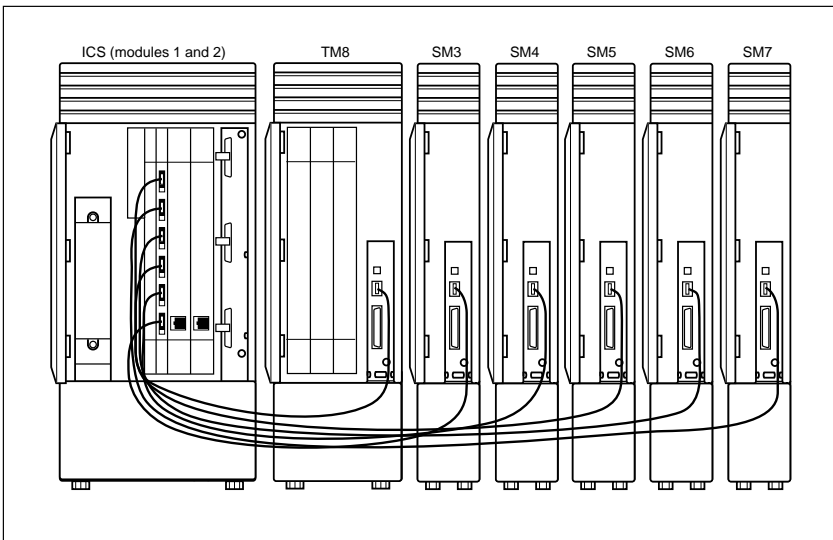
A system expanded to 8 ports (maxi size) includes one 6-port expansion cartridge with fiber ports numbered 3 to 8, and 1 and 2 on the ICS. The Base Stations *must* be physically connected (via a Station Module) to fiber ports 7 and 8 only. There is a maximum number of two Station Modules per Base Station. See “Six-port Expansion Cartridge with Companion” on page 13.

If only one Station Module supporting Base Stations is required, connect it to the highest-numbered port (port 8).



Tip - *If Both ports 7 and 8 are used for connecting Station Modules supporting Base Stations, connect Trunk Modules starting at port 6 and working down. Connect Station Modules (for Norstar desk sets) beginning at port 3 and working up.*

Six-port Expansion Cartridge with Companion



On a mega system

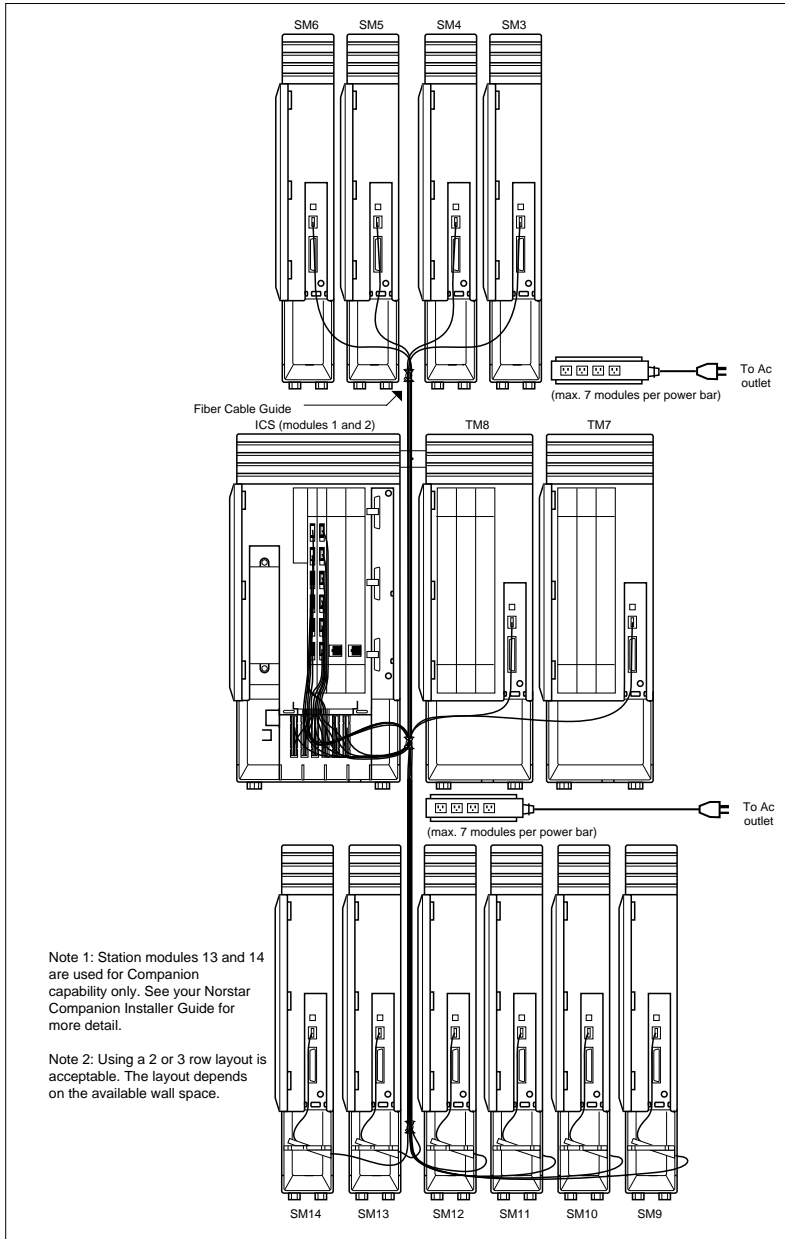
Keep in mind that 10 station modules is the limit for regular Norstar sets, and 2 station modules for Companion Base Stations is the limit on an XC configuration.

For example, a system expanded to 14 ports (mega size) includes two 6-port expansion cartridges with fiber ports numbered 3 to 14 on the expansion cartridges, and 1 and 2 on the ICS. The Base Stations *must* be physically connected to fiber ports 13 and 14 only. See “12-port Expansion Cartridge with Companion” on page 15.

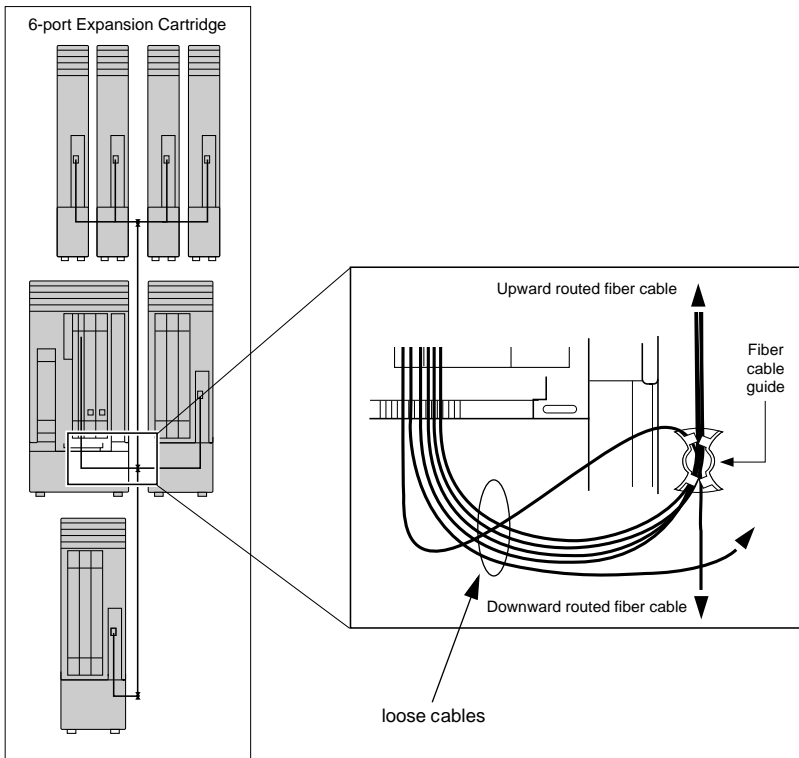


Tip - *In the fully expanded mega configuration, Station Modules 13 and 14 are reserved for Base Stations only.*

12-port Expansion Cartridge with Companion



Routing fiber cables



ICS numbering

Non-expanded system (ICS alone) numbering

Module #	Lines	Line ports	B1 DN	B2 DN	DN ports	Base Station ports	Portable DN
ICS (#2)	001-048	201-248	---	---	---	---	637-696
ICS (#1)	---	---	21-52	53-84	101-132	101-132	637-696

Two-port Expansion Cartridge and ICS numbering

Expansion module #	Lines	Line ports	B1 DN	B2 DN	DN ports	Base Station ports	Portable DN
#4	049-072	401-412	269-284	333-348	401-416	401-416	637-696
#3	073-096	301-312	253-268	317-332	301-316	301-316	637-696
ICS (#2)	001-048	201-248	---	---	---	---	---
ICS (#1)	---	---	221-252	285-316	101-132	---	---

Six-port Expansion Cartridge and ICS numbering

Expansion module #	Lines	Line ports	B1 DN	B2 DN	DN ports	Base Station ports	Portable DN
#8	049-072	801-812	333-348	461-476	801-816	801-816	637-696
#7	073-096	701-712	317-332	445-460	701-716	701-716	637-696
#6	097-108	601-612	301-316	429-444	601-616	---	---
#5	109-120	501-512	285-300	413-428	501-516	---	---
#4	121-132	401-412	269-284	397-412	401-416	---	---
#3	133-144	301-312	253-268	381-396	301-316	---	---
ICS (#2)	001-048	201-248	---	---	---	---	---
ICS (#1)	---	---	221-252	349-380	101-132	---	---

Twelve-port expanded system and ICS numbering

Expansion module #	Lines	Line ports	B1 DN	B2 DN	DN ports	Base Station ports	Portable DN
#14	---	---	---	---	---	1401-1416	637-696
#13	---	---	---	---	---	1301-1316	637-696
#12	---	---	397-412	589-604	1201-1216	---	---
#11	---	---	381-396	573-588	1101-1116	---	---
#10	---	---	365-380	557-572	1001-1016	---	---
#9	---	---	349-364	541-556	901-916	---	---
#8	049-072	801-812	333-348	525-540	801-816	---	---
#7	073-096	701-712	317-332	509-524	701-716	---	---
#6	097-108	601-612	301-316	493-508	601-616	---	---
#5	109-120	501-512	285-300	447-492	501-516	---	---
#4	121-132	401-412	269-284	461-476	401-416	---	---
#3	133-144	301-312	253-268	455-460	301-316	---	---
ICS (#2)	001-048	201-248	---	---	---	---	---
ICS (#1)	---	---	221-252	413-444	101-132	---	---



Tip - Port 3 is the bottom fiber cable port on the two-port and the six-port Expansion Cartridge in slot 2. Port 9 is located on the leftmost Expansion Cartridge in slot 1.

Refer to the Modular ICS Installer Guide for details.

Installation

Installation checklist

When installing a Norstar system with Companion components, follow this installation checklist:

- mount the Integrated Communication System (ICS) and expansion modules (as required)
- install the NVRAM Cartridge (if required)
- install the ROM Software Cartridge
- install the Expansion Cartridge and Trunk Cartridges (as required)
- connect the expansion modules*
- complete the wiring
- install the emergency telephone(s)
- install the Norstar telephones
- install the single-line telephones
- install the optional equipment
- install the Remote Power Interconnect units*
- install the Base Stations*
- install the portable telephones*
- install the external antennas and lightning surge arrestors*
- power up the system

* Procedures that are specific to Companion are included in this document. For all other procedures, see the *Modular ICS Installer Guide*.

Connecting expansion modules



Installation planning is required for Base Stations.

Before connecting any Station Modules required for Base Stations, please see “Configuring expansion modules” on page 10 for more information on the installation rules involved.

In order to keep the default port and extension numbering, connect Trunk Modules to the Expansion Cartridge beginning at the top and working down; connect Station Modules to the Expansion Cartridge beginning at the bottom and working up.

Installing Remote Power Interconnect (RPI) units



The RPI unit should have the DC backup power supplied by a UL listed UPS.

The UPS should have an output voltage rating of 44 to 52 V DC, with a maximum fault current limit of 6 A to protect the RPI's output wiring. Otherwise, it may be necessary to use class 1 wiring.

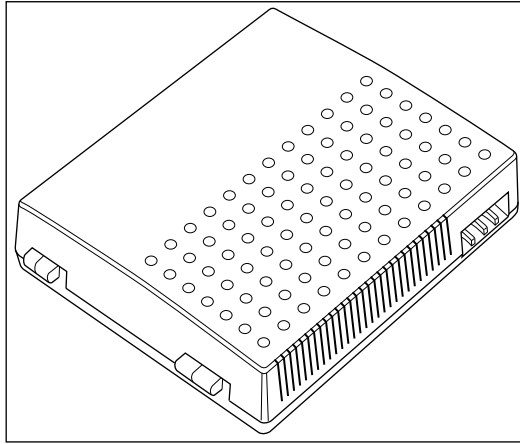


The RPI units must always be installed inside a building.

The AC outlet powering the RPI should be installed near the equipment and should be easily accessible.

The length of the RPI cord, from the outside surface of the unit to the plug, should be a minimum of 1.3 m (4 1/2 ft.) and a maximum of 4.6 m (15 ft.).

RPI unit



There are two versions of the RPI unit: the RPI-8 BIX UL, which supports up to eight Base Stations; and the RPI-16 BIX UL, which supports up to 16 Base Stations. Each RPI has a connection board and either one (RPI-8 BIX UL) or two (RPI-16 BIX UL) power supply units (PSUs). The maximum input power consumption of an RPI is 240 W. If a UPS 48 V DC backup source is used, the maximum input power requirement of the RPI is 135 W.

You can upgrade an RPI-8 BIX UL to an RPI-16 BIX UL by installing a second PSU to the RPI-8 BIX UL. See “Upgrading an RPI-8 to an RPI-16” on page 111.

If RPIs are distributed throughout the site, the number and type of RPIs depend on the placement and powering plan of the Base Stations.

To determine how many Base Stations and how many PSUs you need for the number of Base Stations, use the following table:

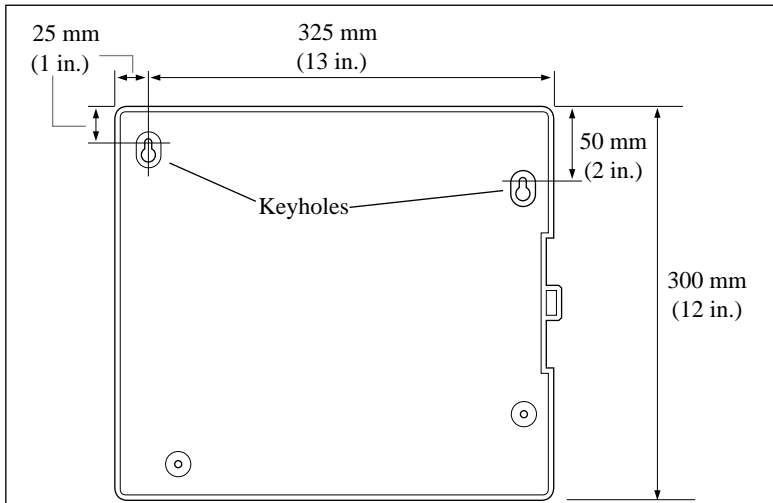
RPI Requirements

Base Stations	RPI-16 and RPI-8 required	PSUs required
1–8	1 RPI-8	1 PSU
9–16	1 RPI-16	2 PSUs
17–24	1 RPI-16 and 1 RPI-8	3 PSUs
25–32	2 RPI-16	4 PSUs

Mounting the RPI unit

1. Position the screw holes for the RPI using the dimensions shown in the following figure.

RPI mounting holes



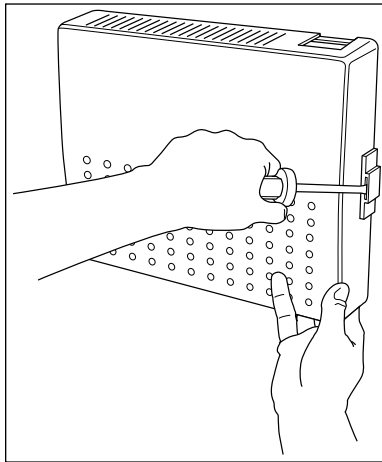
To provide adequate ventilation and to prevent overheating, leave a clearance of at least 125 mm (5 in.) around the RPI.

If you are mounting two RPIs, one above the other, leave a clearance of at least 300 mm (12 in.) between them to provide adequate ventilation and to prevent overheating.

Mount RPIs at least 300 mm (12 in.) from the ceiling.

2. Insert wall plugs in the holes.
3. Partially screw in two #10 50-mm (2-in.) screws for the keyholes.
4. Open the hinged cover with a screwdriver by pushing in and then down to release the catch on the right side. You can remove the cover by lifting it off its hinges.

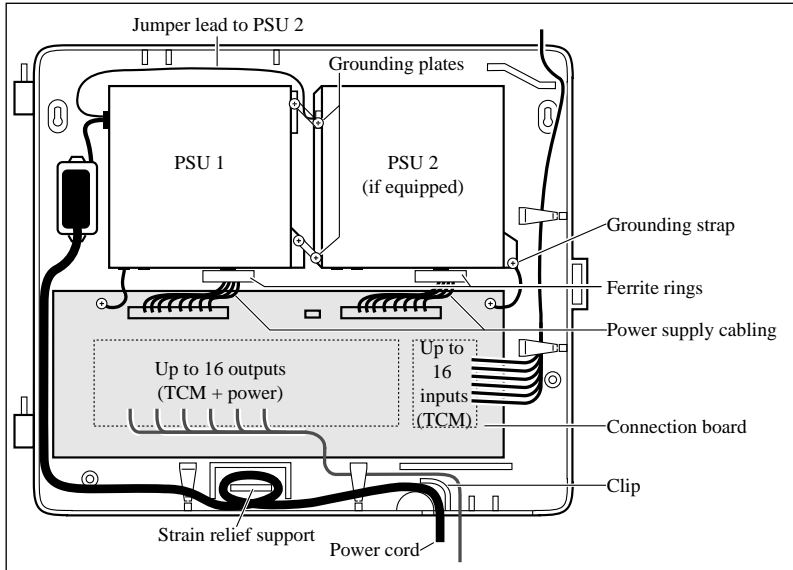
Opening the RPI cover



5. Hang the RPI on the two keyhole screws and tighten them.
6. Install the remaining two screws.
7. Feed the power cord through the bottom of the RPI and route it through the clip and around the strain relief support as shown in the following figure.
8. Route the power cord to the input power socket just to the left of PSU 1. Connect the plug to the socket.

Note: Distinctive labeling of RPIs may help to diagnose any future problems.

RPI components



Unplug the RPI power cord.

Do not apply power to the RPI until its installation and wiring are complete.

The RPI-8, which has only one power supply unit, has grounding straps and plates fitted so it can be upgraded to an RPI-16 (see illustration “RPI components”).

Wiring the RPI



Do not run unprotected power cables outdoors.

The maximum two-way DC loop resistance for power pairs, including interconnections for each Base Station, is 90 ohms. You need one or two power pairs between the RPI and the Base Station, depending on the wire size of the power pairs and the distance between the Base Station and the RPI.

Maximum power cabling distance (approximate)

Depending on the size of cable you are using, you should remember the maximum cabling distances allowed between the RPI and the Base Station.

Wire size	Single-pair	Double-pair
0.6 mm (22 AWG)	450 m (1,500 ft.)	900 m (3,000 ft.)
0.5 mm (24 AWG)	300 m (1,000 ft.)	600 m (2,000 ft.)

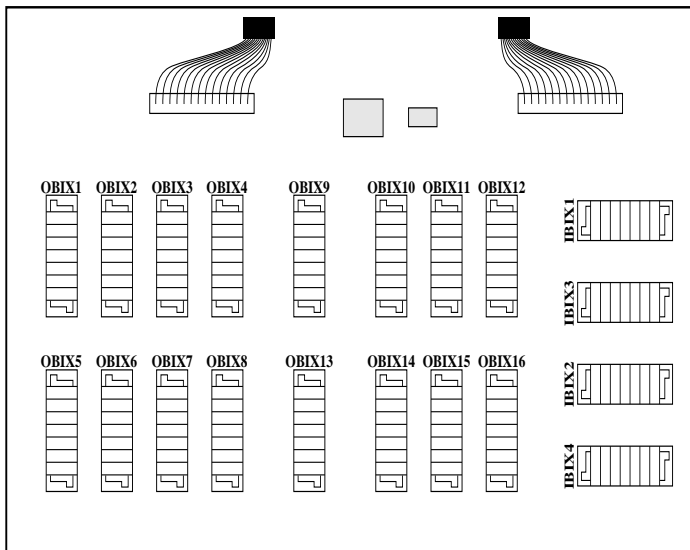


When using two power pairs, ensure they are connected with the same polarity.

RPI Connector Overview

The following illustration shows where the input and output connectors are located on the RPI connector board.

RPI connector board



Output connections

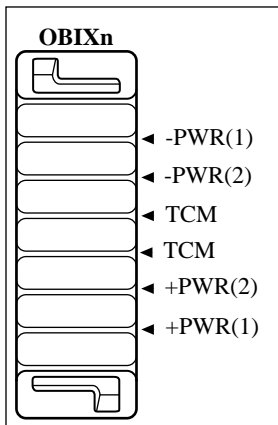
Feed the output pairs in through the bottom of the RPI and route the pairs to the output connectors as shown in the following illustration. If only one pair is used for powering a Base Station, connect the power pair to -PWR(1) and +PWR(1). If two pairs are used to power a Base Station, connect one pair to -PWR(1) and +PWR(1), and the second pair to -PWR(2) and +PWR(2).



Ensure both pairs have the same polarity.

Connecting two power pairs with opposing polarities may damage the Base Station and RPI.

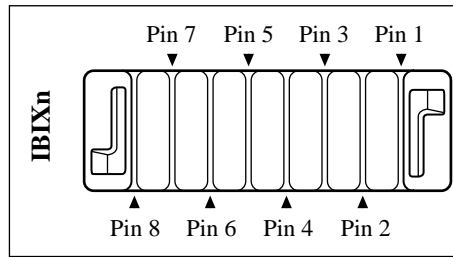
Output connector pinout



Input connections

Feed the TCM input pairs from the ICS distribution frame through the top of the RPI and route the pairs to the input connectors (IBIX1 to IBIX4) as shown in the following illustration. There may be fewer than 16 input pairs in any given RPI installation.

Input connector pinout



Input wiring

Connector	Pin	Signal	Output connector
IBIX1	1, 2	TCM 1	OBIX1
	3, 4	TCM 2	OBIX2
	5, 6	TCM 3	OBIX3
	7, 8	TCM 4	OBIX4
IBIX2	1, 2	TCM 5	OBIX5
	3, 4	TCM 6	OBIX6
	5, 6	TCM 7	OBIX7
	7, 8	TCM 8	OBIX8
IBIX3	1, 2	TCM 9	OBIX9
	3, 4	TCM 10	OBIX10
	5, 6	TCM 11	OBIX11
	7, 8	TCM 12	OBIX12
IBIX4	1, 2	TCM 13	OBIX13
	3, 4	TCM 14	OBIX14
	5, 6	TCM 15	OBIX15
	7, 8	TCM 16	OBIX16

RPI-8 BIX wiring chart

Pin	RPI Connector Board	Label	Wire color
26	OBIX1 BS1	-PWR	White-Blue
1			Blue-White
27		TCM	White-Orange
2			Orange-White
28		+PWR	White-Green
3			Green-White
29	OBIX2 BS2	-PWR	White-Brown
4			Brown-White
30		TCM	White-Slate
5			Slate-White
31		+PWR	Red-Blue
6			Blue-Red
32	OBIX3 BS3	-PWR	Red-Orange
7			Orange-Red
33		TCM	Red-Green
8			Green-Red
34		+PWR	Red-Brown
9			Brown-Red
35	OBIX4 BS4	-PWR	Red-Slate
10			Slate-Red
36		TCM	Black-Blue
11			Blue-Black
37		+PWR	Black-Orange
12			Orange-Black
38	OBIX5 BS5	-PWR	Black-Green
13			Green-Black
39		TCM	Black-Brown
14			Brown-Black
40		+PWR	Black-Slate
15			Slate-Black

Pin	RPI Connector Board	Label	Wire color
41	OBIX6 BS6	-PWR	Yellow-Blue
16			Blue-Yellow
42		TCM	Yellow-Orange
17			Orange-Yellow
43		+PWR	Yellow-Green
18			Green-Yellow
44	OBIX7 BS7	-PWR	Yellow-Brown
19			Brown-Yellow
45		TCM	Yellow-Slate
20			Slate-Yellow
46		+PWR	Violet-Blue
21			Blue-Violet
47	OBIX8 BS8	-PWR	Violet-Orange
22			Orange-Violet
48		TCM	Violet-Green
23			Green-Violet
49		+PWR	Violet-Brown
24			Brown-Violet

RPI-16 BIX wiring chart

Pin	RPI Connector Board	Label	Wire color
26	OBIX9 BS9	-PWR	White-Blue
1			Blue-White
27		TCM	White-Orange
2			Orange-White
28		+PWR	White-Green
3			Green-White
29	OBIX10 BS10	-PWR	White-Brown
4			Brown-White
30		TCM	White-Slate
5			Slate-White
31		+PWR	Red-Blue
6			Blue-Red
32	OBIX11 BS11	-PWR	Red-Orange
7			Orange-Red
33		TCM	Red-Green
8			Green-Red
34		+PWR	Red-Brown
9			Brown-Red
35	OBIX12 BS12	-PWR	Red-Slate
10			Slate-Red
36		TCM	Black-Blue
11			Blue-Black
37		+PWR	Black-Orange
12			Orange-Black
38	OBIX13 BS13	-PWR	Black-Green
13			Green-Black
39		TCM	Black-Brown
14			Brown-Black
40		+PWR	Black-Slate
15			Slate-Black

Pin	RPI Connector Board	Label	Wire color
41	OBIX14 BS14	-PWR	Yellow-Blue
16			Blue-Yellow
42		TCM	Yellow-Orange
17			Orange-Yellow
43		+PWR	Yellow-Green
18			Green-Yellow
44	OBIX15 BS15	-PWR	Yellow-Brown
19			Brown-Yellow
45		TCM	Yellow-Slate
20			Slate-Yellow
46		+PWR	Violet-Blue
21			Blue-Violet
47	OBIX16 BS16	-PWR	Violet-Orange
22			Orange-Violet
48		TCM	Violet-Green
23			Green-Violet
49		+PWR	Violet-Brown
24			Brown-Violet
50			
25			

Installing Base Stations

Before installing wireless equipment, ensure that a site planner has determined Base Station locations and recorded them in the *Provisioning Record*.



Each Base Station must be installed within 1230 m (4000 ft., TCM wiring length) of the ICS or Base Station Module.

To optimize seamless hand-off, the difference in TCM wiring length between neighboring Base Stations should not exceed 300 m (1,000 ft.).

Before installing or relocating wireless equipment in the United States, verify that you have approval from UTAM Inc. by calling the Northern Telecom Customer Response Center at **1-800-321-2649**. You will be given codes and credits that are necessary to activate the system. Please see “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68 before calling.

Positioning a Base Station

Avoid installing Base Stations on large concrete or marble columns since this affects radio coverage. If possible, place the Base Station at least 1 m (40 in.) from such columns. Do not mount a Base Station where metalwork is near the antenna housings. Be careful not to damage existing wiring or panels.

Do not position Base Stations in ducts, plenums, or hollow spaces used to transport environmental air except where the duct, plenum or hollow space is created by a suspended ceiling having lay-in panels or tiles. If more than one Companion Base Station is required in one cell to meet traffic demands, position all the Base Stations at the same cell center a minimum of 1.35 m (54 in.) apart from the center of one Base Station to the center of another.



Never mount Base Stations in rows.

Position Base Stations away from an office area or where a portable is used by at least the amounts shown in the following table. Installing the Base Station on the ceiling or high on walls helps to maintain these minimum distances.

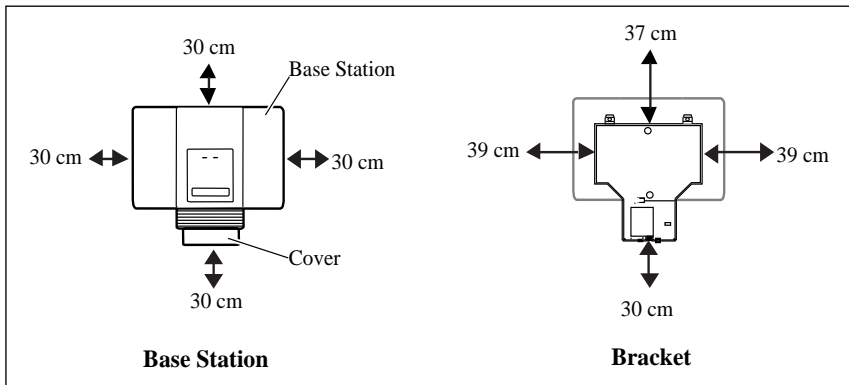
Minimum distance between office areas and Base Stations

Number of Base Stations in the cell	Minimum distance between office areas and Base Stations
1	1 m (40 in.)
2	1.4 m (56 in.)
3	1.8 m (72 in.)
4	2 m (80 in.)

Mounting a Base Station

Base Stations can be mounted on a wall or on a ceiling. (When mounting on a wall, install them with their covers at the bottom, as shown in the following illustrations). Allow for clearances around the Base Station as indicated in the following illustration.

Clearance for the Base Station



To mount a Base Station:

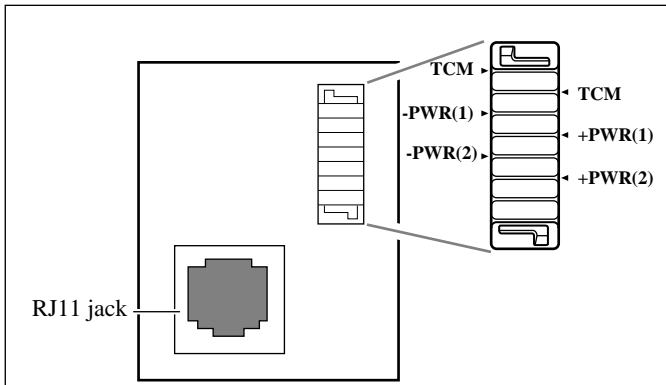
1. Fasten the bracket into position using two #8 38-mm (1 1/2-in.) screws.
2. Route the cable from the ICS through the top (or bottom) opening.
3. Wind any excess cable around the posts to secure it, then fasten it under the strain relief.
4. Connect the wires to the BIX connector on the bracket termination board as shown in the following illustration.

The polarity of the TCM connections is not important. If two power pairs are brought in, they must be connected with the same polarity to the Base Station bracket termination board.



Ensure that the RPI is off before connecting power pairs to the Base Station.

Bracket termination board



5. Mount the Base Station onto the bracket, snapping it into position.
6. Connect the power RJ11 jumper lead to the RJ11 jacks on the termination board and the Base Station.
7. For plug-top power supplies only, connect the power supply connector to the Base Station power connector. Make sure the Base Station is powered by a class 2 plug-top power source only.



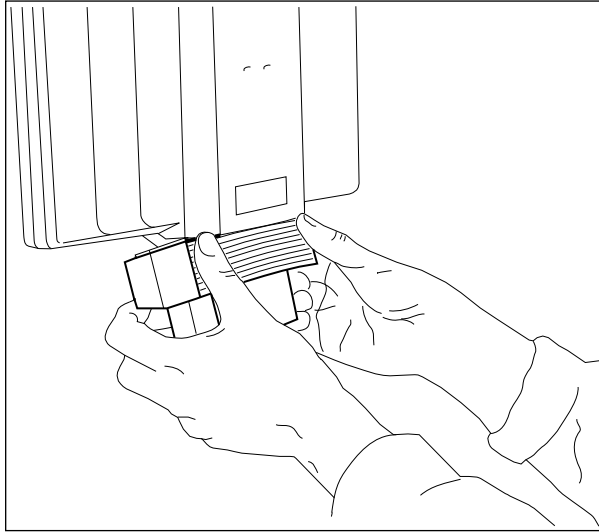
Inserting the power supply connector in the wrong direction may damage the plug-top power supply and the Base Stations.

Position the power supply connector in the proper direction and push it into place securely.

8. Record the associated ICS port number in the space provided on the printed label affixed on the lower right corner of the mounting bracket.

Include the labeling information for each Companion Base Station on the completed installation floor plans.
9. Slide the cover onto the bracket, using the guide to position it properly. Snap it into place.

Sliding cover onto bracket



Installing portable telephones

To use Norstar Companion portables, you must first install radio Base Stations to transceive radio signals to and from the portable telephones. See “Installing Base Stations” on page 31.

Companion Portable Telephones are installed differently than traditional Norstar sets. There are no direct connections between the portables and the Norstar system. Do the following:

- Install the batteries and battery charging units for each portable, using the instructions that come with the portable.
- Register each Companion portable for use with the Norstar system. For complete instructions, see the Registration information beginning on page 61.

Note: Up to 60 portables can be installed on a Norstar wireless system. Each portable telephone must be registered before it can be used. By default, no Companion portables are assigned to the DNs. The range of portable extensions available for wireless registration is 637 to 666. (This means that the digit 6 is not available as a destination code.)

Installing external antennas and lightning surge arrestors

When installing external antennas and lightning surge arrestors:

- The antenna should always be mounted vertically (see figure on page 39).
- Use #8, 12 mm to 50 mm ($\frac{1}{2}$ -in. to 2 in.) screws to mount the antenna bracket and lightning surge arrestor bracket to the wall.
- Always ensure that the antenna is clear of any adjacent obstruction, particularly metal. If more than one external antenna is used at a cell center, space them at least 1 m (40 in.) apart to avoid radio interference problems.
- When running the coaxial cable inside or outside, do not kink, stretch, or crush the cable. This will seriously affect its performance. The minimum recommended bending radius is 200 mm (8 in.).
- The coaxial cable length must not exceed 10 m.
- Use RG-58AU coaxial cables to connect the antennas to the Base Stations.

- Depending on site requirements, a proprietary extension cable can be attached between the lightning surge arrester and the antenna or between the lightning surge arrester and the Base Station. The total cable length should always be kept as short as possible and the recommended extension cable used only if absolutely necessary.
- You must install a lightning surge arrester for each outdoor external antenna.



FCC requirements.

In the United States, the FCC requires that only certified antennas be connected to Companion Base Stations.



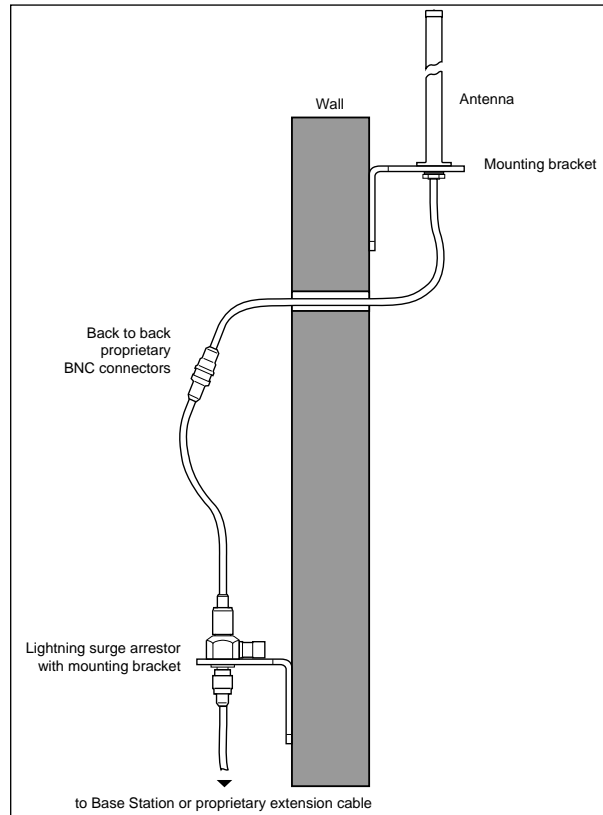
Do not install the external antenna or the lightning surge arrester during an electrical storm.

Always turn off the Base Station power before connecting the coaxial cable of an outdoor external antenna.

Always install the lightning surge arrester at the cable entry point into the building.

Connect the lightning surge arrester to ground before connecting the coaxial cable.

Installed antenna and lightning surge arrester



To ensure only recommended antennas are used:

- the external antenna connectors on the Base Station are special proprietary BNC connectors
- antennas are supplied with cables already attached and terminated with special proprietary BNC plugs to join with the connector on the Base Station
- cables are not supplied with exterior antennas

Planning for an outdoor external antenna

When planning to install an outdoor external antenna:

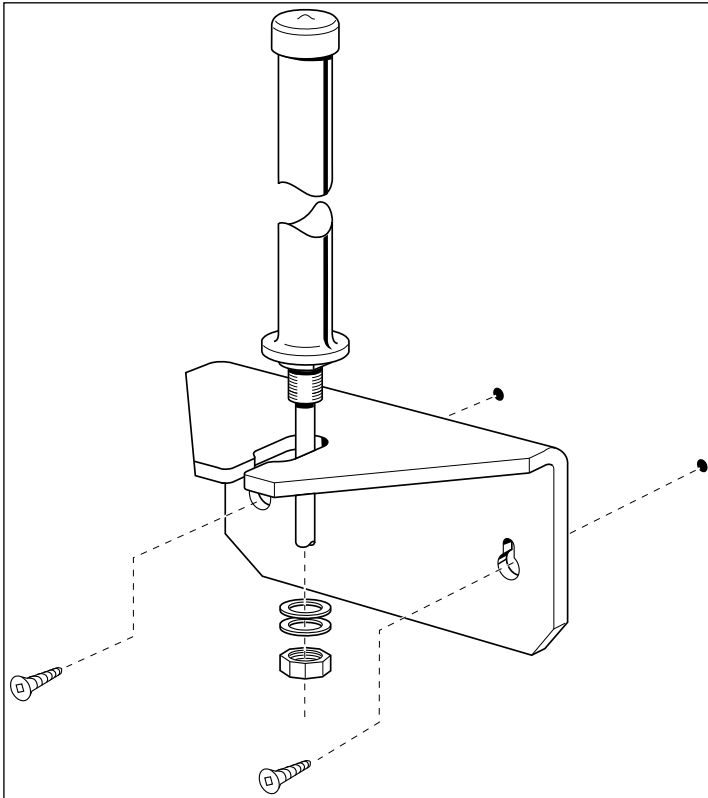
- Locate the antenna on the external wall of the building.
- Keep the outdoor external antenna as close as possible to the Base Station serving it (the Base Station must be inside). The recommended mounting height is 4 to 5 m (13 to 16 ft.) above ground.
- Always install a lightning surge arrestor between an outdoor antenna and a Base Station.

Installing an outdoor external antenna

To install an outdoor external antenna, follow these steps:

1. Drill a hole for the coaxial cable.
2. Install conduit for the antenna cable according to local building and wiring codes.
3. Screw the antenna bracket to the wall so that the antenna is positioned vertically on the exterior wall of the building.
4. Loosen the nut on the antenna.
5. Slide the antenna into the slot of the bracket and tighten the nut.
6. Feed the coaxial cable through the wall to the lightning surge arrestor on the interior wall.

Antenna with antenna bracket



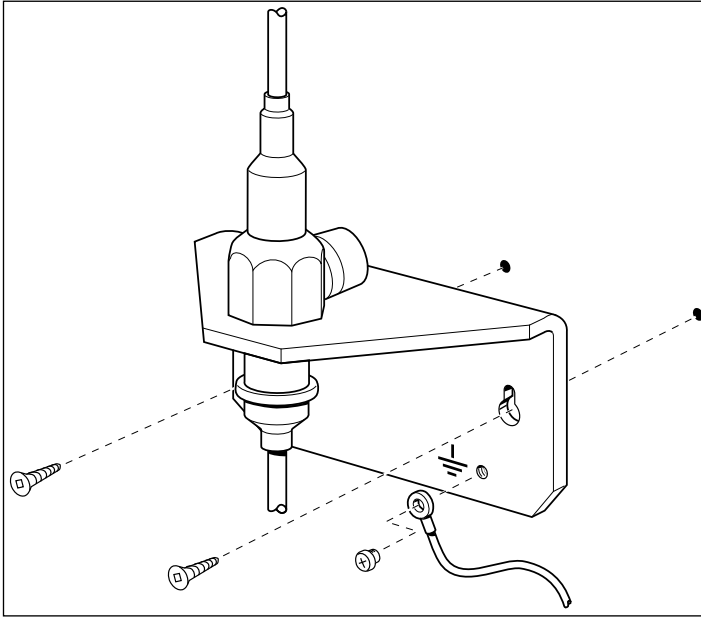
Installing a lightning surge arrester

Install the lightning surge arrester to protect the Companion components from electrical surges.

To install a lightning surge arrester, follow these steps:

1. Mount the lightning surge arrester on the interior wall as close as possible to the entry point of the coaxial cable from the outdoor external antenna.

Lightning surge arrester and bracket



Before you connect the ground lead to the lightning surge arrester, attach it to an approved ground.



Tip - *The recommended wire gauge is 4 mm (6 AWG). Connect the ground lead to the building ground. Do not connect to a ground rod or series of ground rods. If you cannot connect the ground lead to the building ground, connect it to the steel frame of the building. The connection should be no more than 1.8 to 3 m (6 to 10 ft.).*

You can also connect the ground lead to the 120 V AC conduit (which is connected to the building ground), but this is not a preferred installation.

The connector between the antenna and the lightning surge arrester and between the lightning surge arrester and the Base Station is a proprietary BNC connector and requires alignment before a connection can be made.

2. Route and connect the coaxial cable from the outdoor external antenna to the lightning surge arrester.
3. Route and connect the coaxial cable from the lightning surge arrester to the appropriate Base Station connector.

Powering up the system

If you added a Base Station that requires a software update, the system begins downloading the software to the Base Station. The Administration Terminal display shows **BS-1 Dload Start**. Press **CLEAR** to clear the message. When the Base Station software is downloaded, the Administration Terminal shows **BS-1 Dload Done**. Press **CLEAR** to clear the message. Some Base Stations may not be powered up at the same time, and this message repeats at the beginning of each download.

In the United States, the display shows one of the following messages after powering up:

If display shows	See
UTAM code req'd	System logical identifier (LID) on page 67.
UTAM test failed	Alarm codes on page 95 in the Troubleshooting chapter.



A loss of UTAM information occurs when upgrading US MICS-XC systems.

UTAM Recovery Codes are required.

Programming

Programming is performed by the installer or the customer service representative, and it allows you to change settings for the entire Norstar system, plus settings for individual telephones and external lines. Most of the settings can also be programmed by a system coordinator who has a “plus” (SysCoord+) password. This password is distributed only by the installer to avoid system complications.



Programming affects system operation.

Only a qualified installer or customer service representative should perform startup, installation and maintenance programming. Some of the settings affect the correct operation of the system.

Programming overview

Programming access is controlled by four passwords.

Installer password

Allows you to see and change any item in programming.

System Coordinator Plus password

Provides knowledgeable users with access to all but a few sensitive areas of programming. It is usually distributed by installers to System Coordinators that require special programming access.

System Coordinator password

Used to view and change the settings that are part of day-to-day administration of the Norstar system.

Basic password

Used with a limited number of feature codes to change programming and control system services.

The Programming overview tables show the programming access for installers and system coordinators. For information on programming the passwords, see the *Modular ICS Installer Guide*.

For information about Companion programming using the System Coordinator and Basic passwords, see the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Programming overview of XC using the Installer and System Coordinator Plus password

Startup		Sys speed dial		Software keys*
Template		Passwords		SysID
Start DN		COS pswds		Password keys
Terminals&Sets		Call log pswds		Hardware
Line access		Progrming pswds		Cards on KSU
Capabilities		Reg. pswd		Cards on Mod 3
Name		Time&Date		Cards on Mod 4
User preferences		System prgrming		Cards on Mod 5
Restrictions		Change DNs		Cards on Mod 6
Telco features		Featr settings		Cards on Mod 7
Lines		Direct-dial		Cards on Mod 8
Trunk/Line data		CAP assignment		Maintenance
Name		Access codes		System version
Restrictions		Remote access		Port/DN status
Telco features		Change DN type		Module status
Services		Companion		Sys test log
Ringing service		Rec'd # length		Sys admin log
Restrn service		DN length		Network evt log
Routing service		Telco features		Provisioning
Common settings		VMsg ctr tel#s		Tests
				CSU stats

* USA-MICS-XC 2.0 system only

Installers view all items. Shaded items are not seen if you are using the System Coordinator Plus password.

Programming overview of XC using the System Coordinator password

Terminals&Sets	Lines	Passwords
Capabilities	Name	Call log pswds
Name	Services	Progrming pswds
User preferences	Ringing service	Reg. pswd
Restrictions	Restrtn service	Time&Date
Telco features	Routing service	System prgrming
	Sys speed dial	Companion

Programming tools

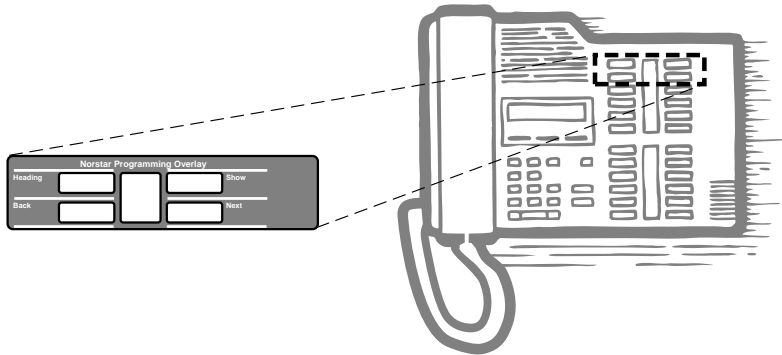
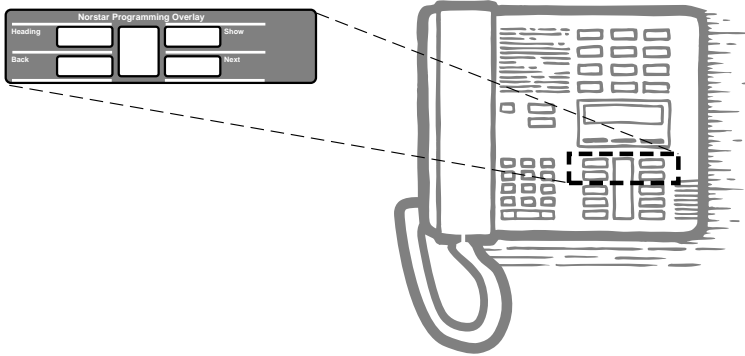
A Norstar telephone

Programming is done at an M7310 or M7324 telephone. Use the buttons on the telephone to program a setting or to request a specific programming action. Norstar guides you with step-by-step instructions on the telephone display while you are programming.

The programming overlay

The programming overlay is a paper cutout that labels four telephone buttons used during programming. The programming overlay is provided at the front of this guide.

Placing the programming overlay



Shows you the heading for the current level

Moves you one item back at the current level



Shows you the first setting within the level

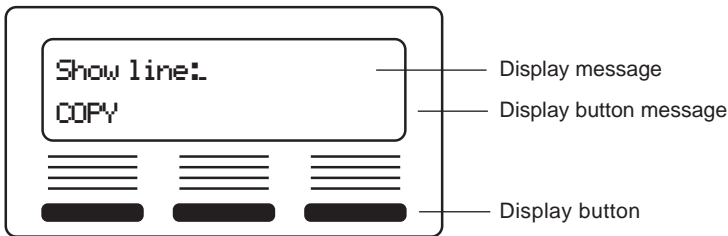
Moves you one item forward at the current level

The indicators (▶) on the M7310 or M7324 telephone show which buttons can be used at that programming step. The functions on these buttons allow you to move through the headings and subheadings of Norstar programming.

- moves to a higher level in the hierarchy of headings and subheadings.
- moves to a lower level in the hierarchy of headings and subheadings, or begins programming for a heading or subheading.
- moves forward at the same level in the hierarchy of headings and subheadings.
- moves backward at the same level in the hierarchy of headings and subheadings.

The Norstar display buttons

Display buttons on the M7310 and M7324 telephones perform many functions. Depending on where you are in programming, one, two, or three display buttons may be available at any one time. Press one of the display buttons to select the function that you want.



Special characters on the display

When a triangle (▶) is at the end of a programming heading or subheading, it means you can press to see settings.

When an ellipsis (...) is at the end of a heading or subheading, it means you can press to see the setting for that heading.

The Norstar Programming Record

The *Programming Record* provides a convenient way to record what you have programmed. It also helps you to plan your programming.

You may photocopy pages from the record as necessary for programming many telephones or lines.

Exiting programming

Norstar stores your changes automatically as soon as you alter any settings; you do not need to “save” your changes.

Press . The display briefly reads **End of session**.

Viewing your programming updates

If any of the changes you have made to programming have not immediately taken effect, you see an **UPDATE** display button when you leave programming. The display shows you how many telephones have not been currently updated due to the system being busy with other programming or the telephone is in use.

Press **DN#** to see the specific sets where programming changes have not been updated. Items disappear from the list as they are updated, and **UPDATE** disappears once all changes are complete.

Entering numbers

Numbers are entered from the Norstar telephone dial pad. The backspace display button may be used to edit the number.

A line number must always be entered as a three-digit number. Line numbers from 10 to 99 must be entered with a leading zero (line 020, for example). Similarly, line numbers less than 10 must be entered with two leading zeros (line 002, for example).

Internal telephone numbers, also referred to as directory numbers (DNs), can be three to seven digits long. The DN length can be changed in programming.

Template defaults

This section describes only the defaults that apply to Companion programming. For all other default settings, refer to *MICS Programming Record*.

Note: (U.S. only). Before registering Companion portable telephones you must first obtain and enter a certain number of portable credit keys. Also keep in mind, before the Base Stations can be recognized by the XC system, you must obtain and enter a UTAM Activation Key. Please refer to "Software keys (U.S. only)" on page 68 before setting up your wireless system.

Startup defaults

Setting	Default
NA-MICS 4.0 template	Square
MICS-XC 4.0 template	PBX
Start DN	221 (may be different for upgraded systems)

Passwords defaults

Reg. pswd*

Setting	PBX default	DID default
Reg. pswd	72346	

System prgrming defaults

Companion

Setting	PBX default	DID default
Registration Registration Portable DNs	N Availble	defaults same as PBX
Radio data Re-evaluation Status Schedule Radio credits (U.S. only)	Required Not scheduled No defaults assigned	defaults same as PBX
Radios Cell Assignment Antenna Type	Unassigned Internal	
Cells Cell radio Cell nghbrs Cell rad nghbrs	Unassigned Unassigned Unassigned	
System LID	<random>	

Startup programming

After the hardware has been installed and powered up, use Startup to initialize the system, and select the system template that best suits your system.



Startup erases programming.

Startup erases any existing programmed data, and resets the system to factory defaults.

Performing Startup

1. Enter the Startup access code from a Norstar M7310 or M7324 telephone dial pad, by pressing

Feature * * S T A R T U P which is the same as Feature * * 7 8 2 7 8 8 7 .

To be accepted, the Startup code must be entered no later than 15 minutes after the Norstar system has been powered up. (If 15 minutes have elapsed since you powered up the system, turn system power off and on, to prepare for the Startup process.)

2. Enter the Installer password. The default is

which is the same as
 .



Tip - *The Installer password shown is the default normally used for Startup. For a system which has already been programmed, the Installer password might have been changed in programming and recorded in the Programming Record.*

Changing the default template

After entering the Startup access code and Installer password the display shows **Reset memory?**.

1. Press **YES** to select a default template. The display shows the current template.
2. Press **CHANGE** to choose the appropriate template.



Changing template resets programming.

If you change your system template, your programming will be reset.

Entering programming

After performing Startup, use programming to change default settings as required.

Headings and subheadings in programming help you to keep track of where you are.

Companion programming falls under System programming and has the following subheadings:

Registration	lets you enable and disable registration and verify which portable DNs are available
Radio data	lets you view and change cell and radio settings

For other programming operations refer to *Modular ICS Installer Guide*.

Entering programming for installers

1. Press * * 2 6 6 3 4 4 which is the same as * * C O N F I G . The display shows **Password:**.
2. Enter the Installer password. The default password is **CONFIG** (266344). The display shows **Terminal: Sets**. Three triangular indicators ► appear on the vertical display between the rows of buttons.
3. Place the programming overlay over the buttons pointed to by the indicators ►.

Entering programming for system coordinators

The person on staff who is in charge of making changes on the Norstar system is called the system coordinator. The everyday Companion programming done by system coordinators is described in *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*.

Some system coordinators need to be able to program more advanced settings and functions in order to carry out the day-to-day requests and upkeep of the Norstar system. These coordinators are usually dedicated communications specialists who work with large Norstar systems or other telephone systems like PBX or Centrex.

By using a special password, a system coordinator can see and change many, but not all, of the programming settings used by an installer. In this guide, programming that can be changed only by an installer is marked in the heading. If you are programming using the System Coordinator Plus password, you do not see these items when you move through programming.

1. Press * * 2 6 6 3 4 4 which is the same as * * C O N F I G . The display shows **Password:**.
2. Enter the System Coordinator Plus password. The default password is **SCPLUS** (727587). The display shows **Terminal: Sets**. Three triangular indicators ► appear on the vertical display between the rows of buttons.
3. Place the programming overlay over the buttons pointed to by the indicators ►.

Entering programming using other passwords

A set of the most often used headings and subheadings is available by using a System Coordinator password. This level of access is designed for the average user who takes care of the day-to-day changes to the Norstar system, but who does not need to use more advanced programming. The default password is ADMIN (23646).

Norstar features

Refer to *MICS-XC Norstar Companion System Coordinator Guide* for a complete list of features supported on Companion portables.

Portable features

Refer to the *Portable Telephone User Guide* that is supplied with your portable.

External paging system (customer supplied)



Tip - *The external paging feature is supported on the Companion portable telephone. For more information on paging with a Norstar supported portable telephone, see Norstar-PLUS Modular ICS Installer Guide.*

Registration password

Before anyone can begin making portable telephone calls, the portable telephones must be registered for use with the Norstar system. The recommended steps are as follows:

1. Change the registration password for your system.
2. Enable registration for the system.
3. Confirm the availability of directory numbers (DNs) for each Companion portable telephone.
4. Individually register each Companion portable telephone.
5. Disable registration for the system.

Changing the Registration password

To ensure unauthorized portables are not registered to your system, a separate level of password access is provided. You can, and should, set your own password to prevent unauthorized handsets from registering on your system. You can change the Registration password in Passwords.



Change password to avoid incorrect registration.

To ensure accurate registration, change the Registration password before registering any portables. If there is another wireless system in radio range, and both systems have the same Registration password and registration enabled, you may accidentally register on the other system instead of on your own.

The default Registration password is **RADIO**

().

Use CHANGE, the dial pad and OK to program the Registration password.

Record the password in the Programming Record.



Tip - *You can choose any combination of one to six digits. It is easier to remember the password if the digits spell a word. Provide this password only to selected personnel to prevent unauthorized access to programming. The implications of such access may include the rearrangement of line assignments, which could affect the operation of the Norstar system.*

Companion programming

Companion programming is found under the System programming heading. It includes the following subheadings:

Registration



Software Keys are required to activate wireless capabilities (U.S. only).

To take advantage of the wireless capabilities available to your Norstar system, you must first enable a certain number of portable credits using Software Keys purchased through Northern Telecom. Keys are obtained and entered into the system by the installer. For more detailed information on enabling Norstar Companion, refer to the “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68.

You must enable registration for the entire Norstar system to allow individual portables to register. The options are Yes (Y) and No (N). Yes indicates that Registration is enabled. No is the default and indicates that Registration is not enabled.

Use and **CHANGE** to enable or disable registration. Press **CREDITS** (U.S. only) to view the credits available.



Registration should normally be disabled.

For security reasons, and to prevent unauthorized users from being registered to your system, set registration to N when you have finished registering the portables.

Portable DNs

Once registration is enabled for your Norstar Companion system, a series of extension numbers (637 to 666) automatically becomes available for registration. Check that

an extension number is still available before registering a portable telephone to it.

If the extension number shows a status of Available, that extension number is ready for registering a Companion portable telephone.

If the extension number shows a status of Registered, a Companion portable telephone is already registered to that extension number. In this case, you can either pick a different extension number, or de-register the current portable telephone. You must perform deregistration at the portable and in either an Installer or System Coordinator programming session.

Press to view registered and available DNs.

Note: The DN range 637 to 696 can be used by either portable telephones or ISDN S-loops. You can assign all 60 of the DNs to S-loops and none to portable telephones. You can assign up to 30 DNs to portable telephones, leaving 30 for S-loops. Within these two limits you can choose a combination of ISDN and portable telephone DNs. For more information, refer to *Modular ICS Installer Guide*.

Deregistering a portable

Deregister an extension number when:

- the portable must be replaced due to loss or breakage
- the portable's owner departs and you want to assign the handset to someone else with a different telephone number

Press and **DEREG** to deregister a DN.



Tip - *This procedure does not clear the registration data in the portable. You must also deregister from the portable telephone (“on-the-air” deregistration). For instructions, see the Companion Portable Telephone User Guide that came with the portable.*

Radio data

Note: (U.S. only). Before registering Companion portable telephones you must first obtain and enter a certain number of portable credit keys. Also, before the Base Stations can be recognized by the MICS-XC system, you must obtain and enter a UTAM Activation Key. Please refer to “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68 of this document before setting up your wireless system.

Re-evaluation

Re-evaluation automatically assigns the proper cell configuration to each radio in a Base Station. When adding or removing Base Stations, Re-evaluation needs to be applied to the system.



Schedule re-evaluation during least busy call times.

Plan on conducting a re-evaluation of your Norstar Companion when the system is not busy with calls. Wireless calls may be lost during the re-evaluation process.

After installing Norstar Companion components and obtaining the proper number of UTAM activation keys (see “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68), you need to verify that wireless

re-evaluation has occurred. Alarm code messages *can* be used to indicate whether or not wireless re-evaluation has occurred:

Alarm	Definition	Re-eval occurred?
21	Re-eval in progress	No
22	Re-eval complete	Yes
23	Cell configured. Failed to come on line	No

Please refer to the *Alarm and Event Code Manual* for more information on alarm messages and the actions that should be taken to resolve any problems.

Re-evaluation Status

Press to see the Re-evaluation status. If the display reads **required**, you can carry out the re-evaluation by pressing **CONTINUE** and following the prompts.

Re-evaluation Schedule

This setting allows you to select whether to proceed or to schedule the next Re-evaluation.

The default setting is **Not scheduled**. If you want to schedule a re-evaluation, press **CHANGE**. You can begin re-evaluation by pressing **NOW**, or schedule re-evaluation by pressing **LATER**. You are prompted to enter a time and date.

Radios

Radio programming settings apply to Base Stations.

Radio credits (U.S. only)

Press **CREDIT** to see the number of radio credits available and the total number of radio credits. Verify that the total number of radio credits is enough to support the system you have just installed. The number of radio credits must be double the number of Base Stations you have installed. If the total number of radio credits is not enough for the system, you may need to obtain additional credits. See “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68.

Cell Assignment

A cell is the area covered by one or more radios in close proximity. As you move around your office, while on a call with your portable, the call is handed off from one cell to another. A call on a portable can be handed off from one cell to another only if those cells are programmed as neighbors. The Norstar system automatically assigns cell neighbors and re-evaluates the cell-to-cell configuration when Base Stations are added or removed.

This setting allows you to determine if a Base Station radio is assigned to a cell in the Companion system.

Press and enter the radio number to see the radio setting: Assigned or **Unassigned**.

Antenna Type

Installer password required

This setting allows you to select the type of antenna to use for each Base Station in a system.

Press and enter the 5-digit radio number.

Use **CHANGE** to select the appropriate setting: **Internal** or **External**.

Cells

Cell programming allows you to examine the cell radio and cell neighbor configuration. Choose the cell you want to examine by pressing and the cell number (01 to 32).

Cell radios

This sub-heading allows you to view the 5-digit number of any radios assigned to this cell.

For example, if radio 07012 is in the cell, the display shows **07012 assigned**. Press and enter the 5-digit radio number to view the setting: Assigned or **Unassigned**.

Cell nghbrs

This sub-heading allows you to view the 2-digit number of any cells that border a particular cell in a system. You can then remove any of them or add more cells. Press and enter the cell number to see the settings: Assigned or **Unassigned**.

For example cell 01, the display shows **Nghbr:03** and **Nghbr:04**. This means that cells 03 and 04 have been assigned as cell neighbors.

Cell rad nghbrs

This sub-heading allows you to view the 2-digit number of any cells that border a particular cell in a system (the cell neighbors) plus any cells that border the cell neighbors. Press and enter the cell number to see the settings: Assigned or **Unassigned**.

For example cell 01, the display shows **Rad nghbr:03**, **Rad nghbr:04**, and **Rad nghbr:11**. Cell 11 does not appear as

a cell neighbor (see the example under Cell nghbr), so it must be a neighbor of cell 03 or 04.

System logical identifier (LID)

This setting allows you to change the code by which the system identifies itself to portables and which the portables use to request service from the system. The default setting is randomly generated by the system at start-up. When the system logical identifier (LID) is changed, all portables must register again.

When changing the system LID, you can enter any hexadecimal number between 0500 and FFFE. (Hexadecimal characters can only range from 0 to 9 and A to E.)



Changing system LID de-registers all portables.

If you change the system LID, you invalidate the registration of all the portables in the system. Portables must be re-registered before they can be used.

There are only two reasons to modify the system LID.

- The site has multiple systems, and you want users to be able to move from system to system without changing slots on their portable telephones. All systems must be set to the same system LID.
- Two systems that are located near each other were accidentally assigned the same system LID. Users of one system can access the other system. (This highly unlikely situation could occur, for example, in an office building occupied by multiple organizations.)

Use and **CHANGE** to modify the System LID.

Software keys (U.S. only)

The United States FCC has appointed UTAM Inc. as the body responsible for coordinating and verifying the installation or relocation of unlicensed, personal wireless communication devices. To comply with UTAM Inc., Norstar uses keys and credits to control user capacity and to ensure system location verification. These software keys and credits are required to activate Norstar Companion services on a new or upgraded system. The credits *should* have been purchased at the time the order was placed.



Base Station must be installed and powered first.

Base Stations must be installed and powered before entering any UTAM Activation Keys. Verify that the Base Station LED status is solid red and green before entering any UTAM keys. Failure to follow the correct order of UTAM key entry may result in a disabled Norstar Companion system.



Call Northern Telecom Customer Response Center at 1-800-321-2649 to verify that you have approval from UTAM Inc. when initially installing wireless equipment or relocating wireless equipment.

Failure to receive approval prevents you from enabling wireless communication on the Companion system. You must provide the Companion ID each time you are requesting codes or credits.

A disabled wireless system means that Base Stations and portables are not operational, but registration information is retained. These devices may be reactivated by returning the system to its previous configuration or by entering a UTAM Recovery Key. A new system is activated by entering a UTAM Activation Key.

The Software keys can be obtained and entered using the following steps.

Step 1: Obtain the Companion ID

The Companion ID Label is sent to each customer once radio credits have been purchased. In order to implement the credits and take advantage of the Norstar Companion capability, you must obtain two sets of keys. One is the Credit Key and the other is the UTAM Activation Key. The keys are available by calling the Nortel Customer Response Center. You must provide the following information as shown on the Companion ID label:

- your Companion ID number
- the zip code
- the number of radio credits already purchased (if applicable)

Step 2: Obtain the System Identification Number

Obtain the System ID (SysID) by pressing

Feature * * S Y S I D , or

Feature * * 7 9 7 4 3 on any M7324 or M7310 telephone display.

This information is also available by accessing **Software keys** in an Installer programming session:

1. Place the programming overlay on an M7310 or M7324 telephone.
2. Press Feature * * C O N F I G . The display reads **Password:**.
3. Enter the most recent Installer password. The display reads **Terminals#Sets.**
4. Press Next until the display reads **Software keys.**

5. Press The display reads **SysID:** followed by the unique System Identification Number.
6. Press to continue in **Software keys** or to exit.

Record the Companion ID and the SysID in the *MICS Programming Record*.

Step 3: Call the Nortel Customer Response Center

1. To obtain your two sets of keys call the Nortel Customer Response Center at:**1-800-321-2649**.
2. Follow the voice prompts for Norstar products. When you are asked for the information concerning your request, provide the following:
 - the Companion ID (on the label);
 - the customer's zip code (on the label); and
 - the System ID (see Step 1).
3. Indicate the number of radio credits you require. You need two credits for every Base Station in your system.
4. You are given two keys, the UTAM Activation Key and the Credit Key. The keys consist of three separate numeric strings that contain eight digits each.

UTAM Activation Key

This key activates wireless capability for a new system or a system upgrade which involves Base Stations. The software recognizes Base Station radios as **Radio credits**. There are two radios for each Norstar Companion Base Station. See "Radio credits (U.S. only)" on page 64 for information on viewing the available number of radio credits.

Portable Credit Key

This key predefines the maximum number of portables that can be registered to the system. Systems can only register as many portables as there are available Portable Credits. A maximum of 60 Companion portable telephones may be registered.



Record your keys in the Programming Record.

In the case of an upgrade, you receive new keys. You need the old and new keys to re-activate the system following a system restart.

Step 4: Enter the keys

You may enter the keys in either order: UTAM Activation Key first or Credit Key first. Keys are entered by first accessing **Software keys** in a programming session.

1. Press . The display reads **SysID:**.
2. Press . The display reads **Password keys.**
3. Press . The display reads **Key 1:..**
4. Enter the 8 digit password number for Key 1. Use **BKSP** to make corrections. The display reads **Key 2:..**
5. Enter the 8 digit password number for Key 2. Proceed as above until you have finished entering Key 3. The display reads **Entry successful.**
6. Repeat steps 3 through 5 for the other key.
7. Press until the display reads **Software keys** or to exit.

The system automatically starts reevaluation and the display shows **Re-Eval in prog.**, **Re-Eval complete**, **System online**, as the reevaluation runs its course.

Note: If the UTAM Activation Code entry is unsuccessful, the display shows **Invalid code**. If this happens, reenter the code or call Nortel Customer Response Center at **1-800-321-2649** for assistance.

Step 5: Configure Base Stations and portables

Once you have entered the required keys to activate the Base Stations and to obtain enough portable credits, you can proceed with programming these items with the MICS-XC system.

Configure your Base Stations

Companion Base Stations are recognized by the MICS-XC system once the UTAM activation keys have been entered. To verify whether or not the Base Stations have been properly recognized, see “Radio data” on page 63 for information on the re-eval process.

Register your Companion portables

Norstar Companion Portable telephones are added to the system using the portable registration process. Refer to the *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide* for more information on registering Companion portables.



Tip - *In the event your system has been powered down for an extended period of time, contact the Northern Customer Response Center to obtain a UTAM Regression Key.*

If your Norstar Companion system seems disabled (all keys were input but Base Stations and portables are not operational), contact the Northern Customer Response Center to obtain a UTAM Recovery Key.

Registering individual portables











Registering the C3050

The following section describes the procedures involved in registering Companion C3050 portable telephones. To register each portable with the Norstar system, you must do two things:


- Register the portables by entering the Registration password on each one.
- Verify that the portable functions correctly.

C3050 Icons

Some C3050 portable telephone icons for Canada and the United States are different but have the same functions. The following table identifies these icons:

C3050 Canada	Icon function	C3050 US
	Mute button	
	Hang up button	
	Answer button	
	Feature button	
	Telephone directory button	

To register the C3050

1. Turn on registration for your system.
2. Open the portable flap. The portable displays the current system name or **No system selected** for two seconds.
3. Press . The portable displays **WIRELESS SYSTEMS**. Your portable can be registered to a maximum of nine different systems.

4. Press the **ADD** key to establish a radio link. The portable displays **Adding SYSTEM:#** for two seconds, then it displays **Pswd:**.
If a radio link is not established, the portable displays **No connection**. Close the flap, and repeat the procedure from step 1.
5. Enter the Registration password. The default is

7PQRS	2ABC	3DEF	4GHI	6MNO
-------	------	------	------	------

 (RADIO). The portable displays **DN:**.
If the registration password is not correct, the portable displays **InvalidPswd**. Close the flap and repeat the procedure from step 1.
6. Enter the DN (between 637 and 666). The portable displays **Enter name**.
If the DN is incorrect, the portable displays **Invalid DN**. If the registration fails, the portable displays **Reg failed**.
If you try to register the C3050 to the same system twice, the portable displays the registered name, for example **Registered as NORTEL 1**.
7. Enter the system name (up to 16 characters), for example **NORTEL 1**. (If you are registering to only one system, use the portable telephone user's name.)

Press the key that has the letter. For example, to enter **A**, press

2ABC

, to enter **B**, press

2ABC

2ABC

.

Press **SPACE** to add a blank space to the name.

Press **BKSP** to remove a mistake.



Press **◀** or **▶** to move the cursor backward or forward.
8. Press **SAVE**. The portable displays the registered name, for example **NORTEL 1 registered**.
9. Turn off registration for your system.

To confirm that the C3050 is registered


1. Close, then open the portable flap.

If the portable displays the system name that you just registered, proceed to step 5.

If the portable displays a different system name, or **No system selected**, proceed to step 2.

2. Press **System**. The portable displays **WIRELESS SYSTEMS**.
3. Press the scroll keys (∇ or \triangle) until the system name is displayed.
4. Press **SELECT** (or **OK** if the correct system is already selected).
5. Press **Line** or . You hear a dial tone, and the portable displays .

If you do not hear a dial tone, check that you have selected the correct system and try to register the portable again.

6. Close the portable's flap, and set the Ringer Control Switch to .

If the portable is twinned with a desk telephone, make sure the desk telephone is idle and Call Forward is not active.

7. On another working telephone, dial the telephone number of the registered portable. If the portable rings, it is functioning properly.

If you do not hear a dial tone, or if the portable does not ring, refer to the Troubleshooting section in this guide. If you still cannot register the portable, contact your system supplier.

Deregistering the C3050

You can deregister the C3050 in two ways:



- from the portable
- from the administration set

You can deregister the portable to clear information stored in the portable and the system. To do this, you must be within the coverage area. For example, you may want to deregister the portable before you assign it to another DN.

You can also deregister a portable using the Norstar administration set. You could use this method if the portable was lost or stolen, or if you wanted to assign it to another system. This procedure does not clear registration data from the portable.

If the portable is registered on other systems, it is still available on those systems. You deregister from one system at a time.

To deregister the C3050


1. Open the portable's flap.
2. Press System. The portable displays WIRELESS SYSTEMS and ADD.
Note: Do not select ADD.
3. Press the scroll keys ( or ) to display the system name that you want to deregister.
4. Press ERASE. The portable displays Erase item?.
5. Press OK. The portable displays Deregistering... and then Item erased.

Measuring RSSI for a C3050


The Receive Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is a measurement of the signal strength the Base Station receives from the portable. The Base Station controls the power transmitting mode of the portable. When the Base Station receives a weak signal, it instructs the portable to transmit in high-power. When the Base Station receives a strong signal, it instructs the portable to transmit in low-power. The strongest RSSI value the portable displays is **-45** dBm (in the US) and **-44** dBm (in Canada). The weakest RSSI value the portable displays is approximately **-94** to **-100** dBm.

To measure undirected RSSI

You can measure the signal strength between a portable and a system-selected Base Station radio using undirected RSSI.

1. Open the portable flap.
2. Press **Line** or .
3. Press ***[0][TUV][9WXYZ][0][TUV]**. The portable displays the radio ID of the Base Station that the portable is linked to, followed by the signal strength and the power mode, for example **03142 - 54 H**. Hand-off occurs normally between the cell boundaries.

In this example, the module is **03**, the port is **14**, and the radio is **2**. The signal strength measured by the Base Station is **-54** dBm, and the **H** indicates that the portable is transmitting in high-power mode (an **L** indicates low-power mode).

4. To end the connection, press **End** or  or close the flap.

Measuring directed RSSI

You may want to measure the RSSI between a portable and a specific Base Station radio. For example, you may suspect that

one of the two radios in a Base Station is not working properly. You can also use directed RSSI to prevent hand-off while you find a cell edge. To measure the RSSI of a specific radio, you must be in range of two Base Stations—the one you want to measure and another Base Station.

You cannot measure the directed RSSI of both radios in the Base Station at the same time.

Before you begin to measure directed RSSI

Use the *Companion Provisioning Record* to find the following:


- the five-digit ID of the Base Station radio you want to measure, by mapping the Base Station location to the time compression multiplex (TCM) port. The first four digits indicate the TCM port to which the Base Station is connected. The last digit indicates the number of the radio on the Base Station. For example, the number 03142 on the Base Station is connected to TCM port 0314, and 2 is the radio number. The five-digit number may be printed on a label affixed to the lower right corner of the Base Station mounting bracket.
- the radio IDs of all other Base Stations in the same location.

To measure directed RSSI using your portable

1. Repeat steps 1 to 3 of “To measure undirected RSSI” on page 77.
2. When the portable displays the Base Station ID you want to measure, move out of the cell boundary range so that hand-off occurs, and press or .
3. Press or .
4. Press .

5. Enter the five-digit ID code for the Base Station radio you want to measure. The portable displays this ID followed by the signal strength and the power mode, for example **03142 - 54 H**. Hand-off does not occur as you move between the cell boundaries. The link drops when you move out of range.

In this example, the module is **03**, the port is **14**, and the radio is **2**. The signal strength measured by the Base Station is **-54** dBm, and the **H** indicates the portable is transmitting in high-power mode (an **L** indicates low-power mode).

6. To end the connection, press **End**,  or close the flap.

Registering the C3020 (Canada only)

The following section describes the procedures involved in registering Companion C3020 portable telephones. To register each portable with the Norstar system, you must do two things:

- Register the portables by entering the Registration password on each one.
- Verify that the portable functions properly.

To register the C3020

1. On the Administration set, turn on registration in a general programming session. See “Companion programming is found under the System programming heading. It includes the following subheadings:” on page 61.
 1. On the portable, press **Shift**[▲], then press **Memory**.
 2. Press **Office**.
 3. Check the portable’s display.

If the portable has space for another system, the display shows **Office n: Free**.

If the display does not show **Office n: Free.**, follow the procedures in “Deregistering the C3020 (Canada only)” on page 81 to overwrite the system number then return to step 2 of this procedure.

4. Press **(Shift)**, then press **(Memory)**. The display shows **Registering...**
5. Next, enter the Registration password when the display shows **Pswd:**. The default is **(7PRS) (2ABC) (3DEF) (4GHI) (6MNO) (RADIO)**.

If the display does not clear after entering the password, then you may be using the wrong password.

6. Wait for the display to clear. When it shows **DN:**, enter the internal number (637-666) you want to assign to the portable. When the display clears, it shows **Reg'n complete.**
7. On the administration set, turn off registration in general programming, **Companion**, subheading **Registration**. See “Companion programming” on page 61.

To confirm that the C3020 is registered

1. To check that the portable has a dial tone, press **(Line)**.

If you hear a dial tone, go to step 2.

If you do not hear a dial tone, check that you have selected the correct system number and press **(Line)** again. If you do not hear dial tone try to register the portable again.

2. Make sure that the flap is closed and the Ringer Control Switch is in the bottom position. Make sure the portable telephone is idle and call forward is not active.
3. On a working telephone, dial the telephone number of the registered portable.

If the portable rings, it is functioning properly.

If the portable does not ring, try to register the portable again.

If you do not hear a dial tone, or if the portable does not ring, refer to the Troubleshooting section in this guide.

Deregistering the C3020 (Canada only)

You can deregister the C3020 in two steps:

- from the portable
- from the administration set (For more information about using the Norstar administration set, see the *Modular ICS System Coordinator Guide*.)




For example, you may want to deregister the portable before you assign it another number on the same system.

You can also deregister a portable using the administration set. You could use this method if the portable was lost or stolen or if you wanted to assign it to another system. This procedure does not clear registration data from the portable.

If the portable is registered on other systems, it is still available on those systems. You deregister one system at a time.

To deregister the C3020

1. Press **(Shift)**, then press **(Memory)**.
2. Press **(Office)**. The display shows **Office n:**.
3. Press either **(Shift)** then **(#)**, or **(Shift)** then **(*)** until you display the system you want to deregister.
4. Press **(Shift)**, then press **(0)**. The display shows **Deregister?**.

5. Press , then press  again. The display shows **Deregistering...** and then **Deregistered**.
6. To continue using the portable, press .

Measuring RSSI for a C3020 (Canada only)

The Receive Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is a measurement of the signal strength the Base Station receives from the portable. The Base Station controls the power transmitting mode of the portable. When the Base Station receives a weak signal, it instructs the portable to transmit in high-power. When the Base Station receives a strong signal, it instructs the portable to transmit in low-power. The strongest RSSI value the portable displays is -44 dBm. The weakest RSSI value the portable displays is approximately -85 to -95 dBm.









Receive Signal Strength Indicator overrides normal display.

You cannot receive calls while measuring Receive Signal Strength Indicator.

Measuring undirected RSSI

You may want to measure the Receive Signal Strength Indicator between a portable and a Base Station radio.

1. Press . Wait for dial tone.
2. Press . Enter the feature code:   . The display shows the radio ID of the Base Station to which the portable is linked, followed by the signal strength, for example **03121 - 67**. In this example, the module is “03,” the port is “12,” and the radio is “1.” The signal strength is “-67dBm.”
3. Read your measurement. Hand-off occurs normally.
4. To end the connection, press  or close the flap.

Measuring directed RSSI

You may want to measure the Receive Signal Strength Indicator between a portable and a specific Base Station radio. For example, you may suspect that a radio in a Base Station is not working properly. You can also use directed Receive Signal Strength Indicator to prevent hand-off while you find a cell edge. To measure the Receive Signal Strength Indicator of a desired radio, you must be in range of two Base Stations—the one you want to measure, and another Base Station.



Receive Signal Strength Indicator applies to one radio in a Base Station.

You cannot measure the directed Receive Signal Strength Indicator of the other radio in the Base Station to which you are connected.

Before you begin measuring directed RSSI

Use the *Companion Provisioning Record* to find and note the following:

- the five-digit radio ID of the Base Station you want to measure, by mapping the Base Station location to the TCM port. The first four digits indicate the TCM port to which the Base Station is connected. The last digit indicates the number of the radio on the Base Station. For example, the number “03122” identifies radio “2” on the Base Station connected to TCM port “0312”.
- the radio IDs of all other Base Stations in the same location.

Measuring directed RSSI using your portable

1. Perform an undirected Receive Signal Strength Indicator by following steps 1 to 3 in “To measure undirected RSSI” on page 77. To direct the Receive Signal Strength Indicator to the other radio of the Base Station, move out of range until hand-off occurs before moving on to step 2.
2. Press **Line**. Wait for dial tone.
3. Press ***** **g^{TUV}** **g^{WXY}** **g^{WXY}**.
4. Enter the five-digit ID code for the Base Station radio you want to measure. The display shows this ID followed by the signal strength, for example **03121 - 67**. If you have not established a connection with the desired Base Station radio, you hear a tone when you hold the portable to your ear.
5. Read your measurement. The system drops the link when you move out of range of your Base Station (no hand-off).
6. To end the connection, press **Release**, or close the flap.

After registering the portables

When you have completed programming the system, use the following checklist to ensure you completed the required tasks.

- Register the portables.
- Verify Portable Credits.
- Ensure that you registered all the required portables.
- Verify that all portables are available for use.
- Test each portable to verify it is operating properly.
- Disable Master Registration when you have finished registering the portables.

For the steps involved in operating a Norstar Companion portable, see the *Companion Portable Telephone User Guide* that is supplied with the portable.

When you distribute the portables, tell the users that the portables are registered and give them the corresponding extension numbers.



Tip - *You can register a portable to more than one system. You cannot register a portable to more than one extension number per system. You cannot register more than one portable to one extension number.*

If a portable telephone is used in more than one Norstar or Companion system, its owner must know which registration slot number was used to register the portable telephone with each system. (It is preferable that each user register the system they use most in slot 1.)

If a portable telephone is lost or broken, you can deregister it from the system before replacing it with another portable telephone.

Testing

Testing the Companion portable telephones

You must register all portable telephones before testing them. For more detail on registering portable telephones, refer to *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide* and the Telephone Registration Instructions.

1. Verify that the portable telephone is ON.
2. Establish a connection to get internal dial tone. If no dial tone is present, the portable telephone may not be registered. Try to register the portable telephone again.
3. Verify that the portable telephone is using the correct registration slot.
4. Verify that the portable telephone can make a call.
5. Verify that the portable telephone has been assigned the correct extension number by calling a wired telephone and viewing the line number displayed.



Tip - *Automatic Telephone Relocation does not retain programming when moving a Companion Base Station from one port to another.*

Testing the Base Stations

1. Verify that the ICS is ON.
2. Verify that re-evaluation is complete.
3. Verify that the Base Station has been powered up correctly by checking that the green light is ON and the red light is OFF.

If the red light is flashing, it indicates that one of the following problems may exist:

- The Base Station is not connected to the ICS.
- The Base Station is faulty and should be replaced.

A solid red light indicates that both radios on the Base Station are busy, that the ICS is downloading data to the Base Stations, or that one or both radios have not been assigned to a cell.

4. Using the directed Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI) feature on a portable telephone verify that you can establish a link with every radio on the system while within the cell range of the radio. Using another portable, establish a second link with the other radio on the same Base Station and check that the red light is ON while both radios are active.

Testing the system coverage

Using the undirected Received Signal Strength Indication feature on a portable telephone, verify that the Base Stations are handing off calls and serving the coverage area as intended. To check valid handoff, move from one cell to another. As you do this the radio number shown on the portable telephone display changes.

To test system coverage at critical points, follow these steps:

1. Make a call. Move over the entire coverage area (including stairs, elevators and critical points) while maintaining the call on the portable. You should maintain good quality speech throughout the area you are moving in.
2. Check that you can receive a call while at these critical points. If a significant hole in the coverage area is found and the Base Stations are working properly according to the above tests, refer to *Companion Site Planning Guide*. You may need to re-deploy the Base Stations or add an additional cell.

Troubleshooting

Problems with a portable telephone

1. Verify that the portable is compatible with the software version.
2. Verify that the portable is ON and that the battery is not low, by checking the power indicator on the portable.
3. If no dial tone is present:
 - a. Verify that the dialtone is available from the ICS.
 - b. The portable may not be registered. Try to register the portable (see *MICS-XC Norstar-Companion System Coordinator Guide*).
4. Check that the portable is using the correct registration slot.
5. Verify that the portable has been assigned the correct internal number by calling it from another telephone.

Problems with a Base Station

1. Verify that the green light is ON.
2. Verify that the red light is not solid.

A solid red light indicates that both radios on the Companion Base Station are busy, that the ICS is downloading data to the Base Stations, or that one or both radios have not been assigned to a cell.

3. Verify that the red light is not flashing.

The red light flashes for about 15 seconds when a Base Station is powered up. This is normal. If the red light continues to flash, it indicates that one of the following problems may exist:

- The ICS or Station Module is not ON.
 - The Base Station is not connected to the ICS or Station Module.
 - The wiring to the Base Station is not correct.
 - The TCM wiring length between the Base Station and the ICS (or Station Module) exceeds 1200 m.
 - There is a faulty ICS, Station Module, or RPI.
 - The two-way DC loop resistance of the power pairs between the Remote Power Interconnect (RPI) and the Base Station exceeds 90 ohms. Measure the loop resistance with an ohmmeter. If the resistance exceeds 90 ohms, install a second power pair, or power the Base Station with a plug-top power supply.
 - The Base Station is faulty.
4. Verify that the power cord of the RPI is properly connected to a working AC outlet. If the Base Station is powered locally, verify that the power supply is properly connected to a working AC outlet and that the power supply cable is properly connected to the Base Station power connector
 5. If an external antenna is installed, verify that the external antenna coaxial cable is properly connected to the BNC connector of the Base Station and that the corresponding radio is programmed to have an external antenna (see “Installing external antennas and lightning surge arrestors” on page 37).

Note: Ensure there are not any bridge taps on the TCM.

Replacing a Base Station

To replace a Base Station, you do not have to power down the ICS. When you replace a Base Station, no portable registration information is lost. After a short boot sequence, the Base Station should be functioning normally.



(U.S. only) If you are relocating a Base Station, call the Northern Telecom Customer Response Center at **1-800-321-2649** to verify that you have approval from UTAM Inc. (Please have your System ID number ready when you call.)

Taking a Base Station out of service causes radio coverage to degrade.

To replace a Base Station, follow these steps:

1. If the Base Station is powered locally, unplug the power supply from the AC outlet and unplug the power supply connector from the Base Station
2. Remove the cover from the Base Station.
3. If an external antenna is installed, unplug its coaxial cable from the Base Station.
4. Unplug the teledapt cable from the Base Station.
5. While holding the Base Station (to prevent it from falling), apply upward pressure to the Base Station.
6. Lift the Base Station away from the bracket.
7. Carefully install the new Base Station onto the bracket.
8. Gently press down to snap it into position.
9. Reconnect the teledapt cable to the Base Station connector.

10. Reconnect the power supply connector and external antenna coaxial cable to the connectors from which they were removed.
11. If the Base Station is powered locally, plug the power supply into the AC outlet.

The red light on each Base Station will flash for about 15 seconds while powering up. This is normal.

Verifying Radio Credits (U.S. only)

You need the programming template found at the front of the *Modular ICS System Coordinator Guide*.

1. Press * * 2 6 6 3 4 4
(* * C O N F I G).
2. Press (the default Installer password).
3. Press until you reach **System Programming**.
4. Press once.
5. Press until you see **Companion**.
6. Press . The display shows **Registration**.
7. Press until the display shows **Radio credits**.
8. Press once. The display shows **nnn Available**. Press and the display shows **nnn Total**. Verify that the total number of Radio Credits is enough to support the system you have just installed.

Note: The number of Radio Credits must be double the number of Base Stations you have installed. Each Base Station has two radios so each Base Station requires two credits.

Note: As each Base Station is initialized the number of available Radio Credits will decrease accordingly.

Problems with an RPI

To troubleshoot an RPI, follow these steps:

1. Verify that the RPI is plugged into a working AC outlet.
2. Verify that all the connections (power cord, jumper lead, input and output, and so on) to the RPI are correct and secured.
3. Verify the power supply:
 - Verify the power cord fuse.
 - Verify the green internal RPI light is on.
 - Verify the Base Station's green light is on.
 - Verify that the red light is not solid. A solid red light indicates that both radios on the Base Station are busy, that the ICS is downloading data into the Base Stations, or that one or both radios have not been assigned to a cell.
 - Verify that the red light is not flashing. The red light flashes for about 15 seconds when a Base Station is powered up. This is normal.
4. If none of the Base Stations connected to the RPI (or to one of its power supply units) is functioning correctly, replace the RPI (or power supply unit).



Tip - *The left power supply unit provides power through output connectors OK1 to OK8 or OBIX1 to OBIX8, and the right power supply unit provides power through OK9 to OK16 or OBIX9 to OBIX16.*

If only one or a few of the Base Stations seem faulty, see Problems with a Base Station.

Problems with wireless communication

Obtaining a Recovery Key (U.S. only)

A disabled Norstar Companion system implies that Base Stations and portables are not operational. UTAM registering information is, however, retained.

To reactivate Norstar Companion communication on a disabled system, you require a UTAM Recovery Key. To obtain and enter the Recovery Key, follow the procedures for the UTAM Activation Key explained in “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68.

Obtaining a Regression Key (U.S. only)

You may need a Regression Key if one of the following conditions occurs:

- a defective ICS is replaced
- an ICS has lost its System Identification Number (SysID) due to a power outage for more than 72 hours

If you need a Regression Key, follow these steps:

1. Record the new System Identification Number once the system is powered up. See “Step 2: Obtain the System Identification Number” on page 69 for more information.
2. Locate the following information in the *MICS Programming Record*.
 - the original SysID
 - all previously entered radio and portable credit keys
3. Call Northern Telecom Customer Response Center at **1-800-321-2649** to request a Regression Key.

4. Provide them with the original and new SysID, Companion ID, customer address and zip code. See “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68.
5. Make a note of the new Regression Key.
A Regression Key cannot be reused. Please do not record this Key in the *Programming Record*.
6. Enter the Regression Key. Follow the same procedure for entering software keys on page 68.
Once the keys have been entered, the previous SysID is restored.
7. Re-enter all radio and portable credit keys recorded in *MICS Programming Record*.
8. Verify that the correct number of Radio Credits is available (see “Verifying Radio Credits (U.S. only)” on page 92).
9. Re-enter all programming data using information from the *Programming Record*.
10. Reregister all portables.

Alarm codes

For a complete list of Norstar alarms, consult the *Norstar Alarm & Event Code Manual*. Also consult the *Modular ICS Installer Guide*.

Displays

Example display	Meaning	Possible causes and actions
Alarm: 21	Wireless re-evaluation in progress	Scheduled or required re-evaluation of wireless Base Stations in system

Example display	Meaning	Possible causes and actions
Alarm: 22	Wireless re-evaluation complete	Scheduled or required re-evaluation of wireless Base Stations in system
Alarm: 53	A single radio has been removed from service due to an error. An accompanying event message indicates an explicit reason for the radio failure.	
Alarm: 54	A software download to the Base Stations has started.	
Alarm: 55	The Base Station download is complete.	
Alarm: 68	An upgrade has been performed.	A trunk or station module has been added to a system to which Base Stations are already connected. The Base Stations must be moved to the highest numbered ports on the system.
Alarm: 200	Insufficient radio credits	
Alarm: 201	Radio credits decreased	
Alarm: 202	UTAM key required	(U.S. only) Valid UTAM Activation Key required. See "Radio data" on page 63.
Alarm: 203	UTAM test failed	(U.S. only) System detected an incorrect configuration, possibly due to malfunctioning equipment.
Alarm: 204	Evaluation override is finished	

Example display	Meaning	Possible causes and actions
Alarm: 205	Disablement test active	
Alarm: 206	Disablement test is finished	
Alarm: 207	System startup	System initialization is beginning
Alarm: 208	System online	System initialization is finished
Alarm: 209	Demo system	
Re-Eval required	System Re-evaluation required	<p>This message occurs when a new Base Station is added to the system or is moved to a different port.</p> <p>Run System Reevaluation immediately or schedule a System Reevaluation. See "Re-evaluation" on page 63.</p>
Re-Eval recommended	System Re-evaluation recommended	<p>Base Station may have lost power for longer than 3 minutes or was replaced with a new Base Station.</p> <p>You may</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - run System Reevaluation immediately - schedule System Reevaluation or - <u>CANCEL</u> to disregard message <p>See "Re-evaluation" on page 63.</p>

Example display	Meaning	Possible causes and actions
UTAM key read	System disabled	<p>Common message for a new installation, see “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68. The only other time this alarm should appear is if you are rebuilding a system:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Enter a UTAM Activation Key. See “Software keys (U.S. only)” on page 68. 2. Obtain a Regression Key. See “Obtaining a Regression Key (U.S. only)” on page 94.
UTAM test failed	System is disabled. This alarm appears only after a restart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ensure there is power to the Base Stations and RPI or plug-top power supply - Ensure that the location and number of Base Stations is correct - Ensure that there are at least four cells in the system configuration - Ensure that there are sufficient Radio Credits to support the number of Base Stations you have connected - Restart the system with the correct system configuration. - The system may require a UTAM Recovery Key. See “Obtaining a Recovery Key (U.S. only)” on page 94.

Example display	Meaning	Possible causes and actions
Radio cred req'd	Too many Base Stations have been connected to the system. This message appears only after a restart.	<p>Too many Base Stations have been connected and the total available Radio Credits are insufficient to accommodate all the radios. Wireless communication remains disabled. System Reevaluation may be disabled.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Verify the total and available number of radio credits. See "Verifying Radio Credits (U.S. only)" on page 92. 2. Remove the excess Base Stations and restart the system. To determine the number of connected Base Stations to remove, subtract the total number of radio credits from the total number of connected Base Stations. Remember that each Base Station has two radios. See "Problems with an RPI" on page 93. If you have increased the number of Base Stations you may need a new UTAM Activation Key to cover the increase in Radios. See "Software keys (U.S. only)" on page 68. If Radio Credits are required then reevaluation is disabled. See "Re-evaluation" on page 63.

Event messages

Event message display	Cause
Evt:275-3546 58	(U.S. only) Unable to activate all registered portables. The system ran out of portable credits. One event is generated per portable that failed to activate. The repetition of the corresponding alarm code 59 indicates how many additional credits must be purchased.
Evt:301-1031 55	The Base Station (on port 0103 in this case) cannot successfully receive the data image. Both radios belonging to the Base Station are disabled. This may occur if the flash EEPROM is faulty. Two events are raised: one for the B1 channel radio (as in this case) and another for the B2 channel radio. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.
Evt:302-1031 55	The Base Station (on port 0103 in this case) cannot be written to during data transfer. Both radios belonging to the Base Station are disabled. The Base Station's flash EEPROM is faulty. Two events are raised: one for the B1 channel radio (as in this case) and another for the B2 channel radio. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.
Evt:303-1031 5	The Base Station (on port 0103 in this case) cannot be synchronized with the other Base Stations in the system. Both radios belonging to the Base Station are disabled. The Base Station hardware is faulty. Two events are raised: one for the B1 channel radio (as in this case) and another for the B2 channel radio. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.
Evt:304-1032	A B2 channel radio (radio 2 on port 0103 in this case) cannot be synchronized with other radios because of system overload.

Event message display	Cause
Evt:305-01032 55	<p>A B2 channel radio (radio 2 on port 0103 in this case) cannot be synchronized because the B1 radio was disabled in maintenance.</p> <p>Both radios belonging to the Base Station (on port 0103 in this case) are disabled. The B1 radio must be operational to synchronize both radios of the Base Station with other radios in the system. Two events are raised: one for the B1 channel radio and another for the B2 channel radio. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.</p>
Evt:306-01031 55	<p>A radio (0103-1 in this case) cannot be synchronized because there are no B2 channel radios.</p> <p>Both radios belonging to the Base Station (on port 0103 in this case) are disabled. Two events are raised: one for the B1 channel radio in this case) and another for the B2 channel radio. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.</p>
Evt:307-0109100 55	<p>A recoverable RIM fault has occurred</p> <p>The RIM is reset. If a link is active when this error occurs, the link is dropped. The radio (0109-1 in this case) is returned to service.</p>
Evt:307-0109101 55	<p>An unrecoverable RIM fault has occurred</p> <p>The radio (0109-1 in this case) is disabled and taken out of service. If a link is active when this error occurs, the link is dropped. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.</p>
Evt:307-0109102 55	<p>The built-in self-test on the Base Station has failed</p> <p>The radio (0109-1 in this case) is disabled and taken out of service. If a link is active when this error occurs, the link is dropped. A corresponding alarm code 53 occurs.</p>
Evt:308-0103 55	<p>The Base Station is connected to a system that supports a radio protocol that the ICS does not understand.</p>
Evt:664 58	<p>There is a bad signature.</p>

Event message display		Cause
Evt:665	54	(U.S. only) there are insufficient radio credits.
Evt:666	55	(U.S. only) radio credits decreased.
Evt:667	55	(U.S. only) UTAM keys are required.
Evt:668	55	(U.S. only) UTAM test failed.
Evt:669	55	Evaluation override is finished.
Evt:670	55	Disablement test is active.
Evt:671	55	Disablement test is finished.
Evt:672	55	System initialization is beginning.
Evt:673	55	System initialization is finished.
Evt:675	55	Demo system.

Event message display	Cause
Evt:831 55	Software error dealing with Base Station.
Evt:832 55	System problem with locating portable telephones.
Evt:833 55	The radio driver software which directly controls the Base Stations' device has experienced an internal error.
Evt:834 55	System problem with locating portable telephones.
Evt:835 55	Wireless system access error.
Evt:836 55	Wireless system access error.
Evt:837 55	Trying to register an incompatible wireless device.
Evt:840 55	Wireless system software error in dealing with a portable telephone.
Evt:841 55	Wireless system software error.
Evt:842 55	Portable does not support specific display character.

Event message display		Cause
Evt:843	55	Internal radio driver error.
Evt:848	55	A cell manager has been unable to register with the router.
Evt:849	55	Synchronization error.
Evt:850	55	Synchronization error.
Evt:851	55	Base Station software error.
Evt:852	55	The Data Transfer server has been told by the Base Station that an error has occurred.
Evt:853	55	The Data Transfer server has been told by the Base Station that an error has occurred.
Evt:854	55	Invalid event for Data Transfer.
Evt:855	55	Internal wireless subsystem software error.
Evt:856	55	Internal wireless subsystem locator error.

Event message display	Cause
Evt:859 S5	All possible wireless telephone numbers have been registered to portable telephones. No directory number is available to handle the registration Link setup request.
Evt:864 S5	A Base Station has received a corrupted stimulus message.
Evt:865 S5	The Base Station does not understand the received stimulus message. This occurs when you are trying to use a type of portable that the system does not support.
Evt:869 S5	Wireless subsystem language loading error.
Evt:870 S5	Firmware downloading to Base Station.
Evt:871 S5	Basestation download is complete.
Evt:872 S5	Wireless subsystem error.
Evt:873 S5	Wireless subsystem Common Signaling Channel server software error.
Evt:877 S5	Wireless auto-admin (Re-Eval) subsystem detected that a data re-evaluation is required.
Evt:878 S5	Wireless data re-evaluation has started.

Event message display	Cause
Evt:879 55	Wireless data re-evaluation has completed.
Evt:881 55	Wireless auto-admin (Re-Eval) indicating that a configured cell failed to come on-line. Alarm 23 displays cell that failed.
Evt:884 55	The Wireless auto-admin (Re-Eval) subsystem has detected an error.
Evt:885 55	Sequencer functionality has detected an error.
Evt:886 55	The Wireless auto-admin (Re-Eval) Initial Intelligence component has detected an error.
Evt:887 55	The Wireless auto-admin (Re-Eval) radio Sniffing component has detected an error.
Evt:888 55	The Wireless auto-admin (Re-Eval) Radio Manager has detected an error.

Specifications

Norstar Companion system components

Remote Power Interconnect

The Remote Power Interconnect (RPI) device power lines are protected by 3 A, 250 V anti-surge fuses. Each output has short-circuit protection. The length of the cord, from the outside surface of the unit to the plug, should be a minimum of 1.4 m (4.5 ft.) and a maximum of 4.2 m (15 ft.).

Part no.	In the US RPI-8: NTE018AA (A0627387) ^a RPI-16: NTE019AA (A0627397) ^b
	In Canada RPI-8: NTE002AA (A0402787) RPI-16: NTE003AA (A0402780)
Color	Dolphin Gray
Height	35.6 cm (14 in.)
Width	30.5 cm (12 in.)
Depth	7.6 cm (3 in.)
Input voltage	80 to 270 V AC
Input frequency	40 to 70 Hz
Output voltage	48 V DC
Output current	1.1 A
Operating temperature	0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)

a. will be replaced with RPI-8 NTE023AA (A0667940)

b. will be replaced with RPI-16 NTE024AA (A0667941)

Base Station

The Base Station consists of two printed circuit boards: the Line Interface Module (LIM) and the Dual Radio Interface Module (RIM). The Base Station provides connectors for a terminating line cord, external antennas, and a power supply cord. Only passive antennas may be connected to the antenna sockets on the Base Station.

Base Station plug-top power supply

Part no.	NTAE20AA (A0401506 in the US) NTOP30DA-93 (A0403378 in Canada)
Color	Dolphin Gray
Height	20 cm (8 in.)
Width	32 cm (12 in.)
Depth	5 cm (2 in.)
Weight	less than 1 kg (less than 2 lbs)
Input voltage	12 to 50 V DC
Maximum loop length (TCM)	1143 m (4,000 ft.)
Operating temperature	5°C to 40°C (+32°F to +120°F)
Relative humidity	5 to 85% (condensation may occur)
Peak power rating	15 dBm

If a plug-top power supply is required, use only the power supply recommended for use with the Base Station. Other usage invalidates any approval given to this apparatus.

Part no.	A0386334
Color	Dolphin Gray

AC supply voltage	120 V
AC supply frequency	60 Hz
Secondary voltage	12 V
Secondary current	800 mA
Operating temperature	5°C to 40°C (+32°F to +120°F)
Relative humidity	5 to 85% (condensation may occur)
Height	10 cm (4 in.)
Width	10 cm (4 in.)
Depth	6 cm (2 in.)

External antenna assembly (For the US)

Part no.	antenna: NTAE50AA (A0637293)
Frequency range	1.92 to 1.93 GHz
Peak power rating	+13.5 dBm
Peak antenna gain	between -1.2 and 1.5 dBi
Polarization	nominally vertical
Input impedance	50 Ω nominal
Voltage standing wave ratio	better than 1.5:1
Extension cable loss	below 4.5 dB
Lightning surge arrestor circuit current	3 kA
Lightning surge arrestor waveform pulse	$8/20$ μ S
Lightning surge arrestor repetition	20 times

Outdoor omni-directional antenna (For Canada)

Part no.	A0383818
Frequency range	944 to 952 MHz
Peak power rating	10 mW minimum
Peak antenna gain	4 dBi maximum
Polarization	vertical
Input impedance	50 Ω nominal
Temperature	-50 °C to +55 °C
Humidity	0% to 100%
Length	49.0 cm maximum
Width	3.5 cm maximum
Weight	1.0 kg maximum

Lightning surge protector

Part no.	A0382082
Surge capability	50 000 A (repeatable)
Turn-on threshold	600 V dc
Turn-on time	2.5 ns
Impedance	50 ohms
Operating frequency range	125 MHz to 1 GHz

Upgrading your system

Adding Companion to a mini, midi, maxi, or mega system

On a mini system (non-expanded), only module 1 (ports 101 to 132) can be used for Companion Base Stations and/or wireline sets. Module 2 is used for trunk modules only.

On a midi system (2- port expansion) ensure that Station Modules 3, or 4, or both are available to connect Norstar sets or Base Stations. Base Stations cannot be connected to any other module.

On a maxi system (6-port expansion), ensure that the Station Modules 7, or 8, or both are available to connect Norstar sets or Base Stations. Base Stations cannot be connected to any other module.

On a mega (XC) system (12-port expansion), Station Modules 13 and 14 are reserved for Base Stations only.

Upgrading an RPI-8 to an RPI-16



Only distributors and authorized service personnel are permitted to upgrade an RPI-8.



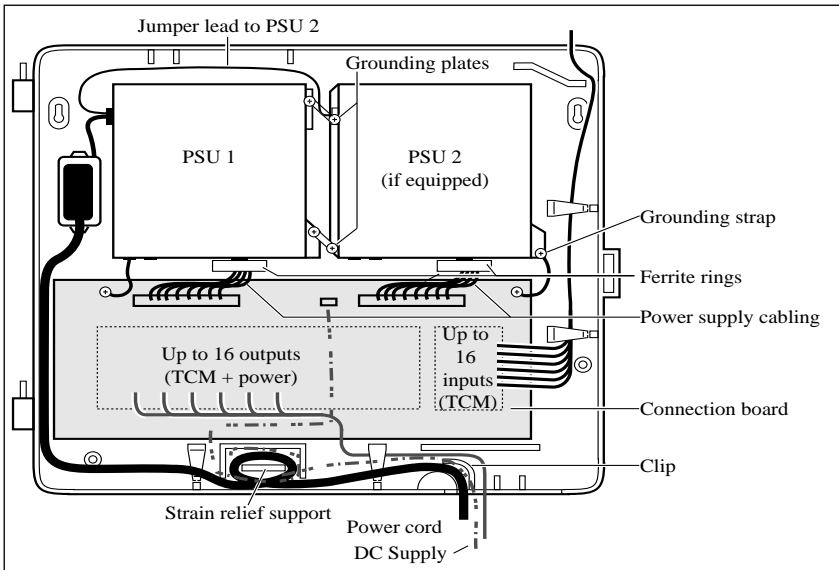
Do not power up the RPI until the installation is complete. This includes the installation of Base Station cross-connectors.

If you are adding extra lines for Base Stations, always power down the RPI before you begin.

To upgrade an RPI-8 to an RPI-16

1. Power down the RPI.
2. Unscrew the grounding straps and plates.
3. Add the second power supply unit (A0385554, NPS 50376L106) and screw down the grounding straps, the grounding plates, and the power supply unit.
4. Plug the output of the power supply unit into the connector board.
5. Connect the jumper lead from PSU 1 to the lead from PSU 2 (as shown below).
6. Power up the RPI.

RPI connections



Glossary

A

alarm code: A number that appears on the alarm telephone's display, informing you that the ICS has detected a fault in the system.

Analog Terminal Adapter (ATA): A device that permits the connection of analog telecommunication devices such as fax machines, answering machines, and single line telephones to the Norstar system. Programmed defaults for the ATA are automatically assigned by the Norstar system.

Answer button: A telephone button with an indicator that is used to monitor another telephone. The answer button indicates incoming calls destined for the other telephone. Someone working at a telephone with answer buttons (an attendant, for example) can receive all ringing and visual indication of incoming calls for other telephones, and answer those calls when necessary.

One telephone can have up to four Answer buttons. An Answer button is automatically assigned to a telephone when that telephone is assigned an Answer DN.

Answer DN: The internal or directory number (DN) of a telephone that is monitored by an

Answer button. You can assign up to four Answer DN's to a telephone under Line Access in Terminals and Sets programming.

antenna: A built-in antenna inside each Base Station. External antennas can also be used to extend radio coverage to hard-to-reach places such as tunnels or stairwells.

Antenna type: A programming setting that lets you select the type of antenna used for each Base Station radio in your Norstar Companion system. Settings are Internal and External.

B

Base Station: A Companion component that is mounted on walls and ceilings to provide a radio link to an office or other area where Companion portable telephones are used. Each Base Station houses two radios that allow portables to send and receive calls through the ICS. See also UTAM Inc.

C

Call Forward: A feature that forwards all the calls arriving at your telephone to another telephone in your Norstar system. You can also forward calls from your Norstar Companion portable. To have calls

forwarded outside the system, use Line Redirection.

Call Transfer: See Transfer.

Cell: The area covered by one or more radios in close proximity within a Norstar Companion system. Calls on portable telephones are passed from one cell to another as the user moves around the office.

Cell assignment: A heading in programming that lets you set up whether a cell has radios, any neighboring cells, or any neighboring radios.

Cell neighbor: A cell that physically adjoins another cell.

Combo Cartridge: A cartridge that allows you to connect Trunk Modules and Station Modules to the ICS to expand the system's capacity for trunks and telephones. Combo Cartridges provide six-port or 12-port expansion and Services functionality with each cartridge. (See also Expansion Cartridge.)

Companion: The name for Northern Telecom communication systems which use radio technology to transmit and receive signals between its components and the Norstar system.

Companion Wireless provides mobility in the workplace. Calls that used to ring just at your Norstar set

can also appear and ring at your portable.

Companion ID: An eight character (alphanumeric) number assigned by Northern Telecom to identify each Companion wireless system. This Companion ID is sent to each customer once radio or portable credits have been purchased. The Companion ID must be provided each time keys or credits are obtained using the Nortel Customer response center.

Companion portable telephone: Hand-held wireless sets which allow complete mobility within the reach of Companion Base Stations or an external antenna. Portables offer many but not all Norstar features and share much of the same programming as "wired" desk sets.

Conference: The Conference feature allows you to establish a three-person call at your Norstar telephone. It can also be used on your Norstar Companion portable.

credits: See Portable Credits.

D

defaults: The settings for all Norstar features when the system is first installed. Settings are changed from their defaults in programming. In this manual, default settings are shown in **bold** text.

destination code: A two- to seven-digit number that the system interprets and then translates into the digits that you want dialed out. Both the code and its associated dialed digits are assigned under Routing service in Services programming.

Directed Receive Signal Strength Indicator: A measurement of the signal strength between a portable and a specific Base Station radio. You require the 5-digit ID of the Base Station radio that you want to measure.

See also Receive Signal Strength Indicator.

Directory number (DN): A unique number that is automatically assigned to each telephone or data terminal. The DN, also referred to as an internal number, is often used to identify a telephone when settings are assigned during programming. Default DN assignments start at 221.

DN: See Directory number.

E

event message: Event messages are stored in the system log and displayed during a Maintenance session. They record a variety of events and activities in the Norstar system.

Expansion Cartridge: A cartridge that allows you to connect Trunk Modules and Station Modules to the ICS to expand the system's capacity for trunks and telephones. There are two Expansion Cartridges: a two-port Expansion Cartridge and a six-port Expansion Cartridge. (See also Combo Cartridge.)

External paging: A feature you can use to make voice announcements over an externally-mounted loudspeaker connected to the Integrated Communication System. The external speaker is not a Norstar component and must be supplied by the customer.

H

Handoff: An activity of Companion wireless components. Handoff is when the system "finds" a new cell to maintain the link between a portable telephone and the ICS.

I

ICS (integrated communication system): The central hardware component in the Norstar system. The ICS has its own processor and memory, and provides a physical point of connection for the various types of devices, telephones, and expansion modules used in Norstar.

The ICS can function on its own as a basic system (with 32 Norstar telephones and up to 48 external lines), or with the addition of Trunk

Modules (TM) that supports more external lines, or Station Modules (SM) that support more Norstar telephones.

incoming line group (ILG): A group of lines used for incoming calls. Incoming line groups provide telephone access to several incoming lines without taking up many line buttons. A line is assigned to be part of an incoming line group in Installer programming.

Installer password: A one-to six-digit password that prevents unauthorized access to Installer-oriented programming. The Installer password can be assigned and changed in Passwords programming.

Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN): A digital telephone service that allows for a combination voice and data connection over a single, high-speed connection. ISDN service can operate over the same copper twisted-pair telephone line as analog telephone service.

Intercom button: A button that provides access to internal lines used for calls within a Norstar system and access to external lines through a line pool or external code. A telephone may be assigned zero to eight Intercom buttons. This is done during an Installer programming session.

Intercom keys: See Intercom button.

K

Key Service Unit (KSU): Please see Integrated Communication System (ICS).

L

Line Pool:

Feature

A group of lines used for making external calls. Line pools provide an efficient way of giving a telephone access to external lines without taking up many line buttons. A line is assigned to be part of a line pool in an Installer programming session.

M

M7310 telephone: A telephone that has a two-line display, three display buttons, 10 programmable memory buttons with indicators, and 12 dual memory programmable buttons without indicators. An M7310 can be equipped with a Busy Lamp Field.

M7324 telephone: A telephone with a two-line display, three display buttons, and 24 programmable memory buttons with indicators. An M7324 telephone can be equipped with a CAP module.

Module: A component of the Norstar key system. Includes the

Integrated Communication System, Trunk Module and Station Module.

O

OPS: Off premise station.

OPX: Off premise extension.

overlay: See Programming overlay.

P

Passwords: A programming section that lets you assign or change COS passwords, Call log passwords, or any of the programming passwords. Once you access the Passwords section, you can only modify the passwords for your level of programming.

Portable Credits (U.S. only):

Predefine the maximum number of portables that can be registered to the system. Systems can only register as many portables as there are available Portable Credits. To register additional portables, you must obtain Portable Credit Keys for the number of additional portables you need. You can obtain additional keys whenever you need to expand the number of portables, up to a maximum of 60 portables for each XC system.

portable telephone: See Companion portable telephone.

Prime line: The line on your telephone that is automatically

selected when you lift the receiver, press the Handsfree/Mute button or use an external dialing feature.

A Prime Line is assigned to a telephone during Installer programming.

Private line: See Private to.

Private to: A line can be assigned, during Installer programming, to one telephone as a private line. The line cannot appear on any other telephone, except the prime telephone for that line. Private lines cannot be placed into line pools.

programming: Setting the way the Norstar system will work. Programming includes system-wide settings and individual telephone and line settings.

programming overlay: A paper template that is placed over the top four memory buttons with indicators on the M7310 or M7324 telephone during programming. The overlay labels indicate the special function that each of the four buttons takes on during programming. The overlay is found at the back of the Norstar Companion Installer Guide or System Coordinator Guide.

R

Radio Credits (U.S. only): The XC system recognizes Base Stations as Radio credits. The number of Radio Credits licenced to the

system is embedded in the UTAM Activation Key. Two radio credits are needed for each Base Station.

Radio Data: The section of Companion programming that contains all the headings to set up cells and radios in your Norstar Companion system.

Receive Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI): A measurement of the signal strength that the Base Station receives from a particular portable. The strongest value is about -35 dBm; the weakest value is approximately -94 to -100 dBm.

Recovery Key (U.S. only): See UTAM Recovery Key.

Reevaluation: A heading under radio data that lets you re-assign the proper cell configuration to each radio in a Base Station. Use it when you've added or removed Base Stations in your Norstar Companion system.

Registration: The procedure for assigning an extension on the Norstar system to a Companion portable telephone. Registration is controlled using System Coordinator programming and performed "over the air" using the portable itself.

Registration password: a password that prevents unauthorized users from registering portables on the Norstar Companion system.

Regression Key (U.S. only): Restores the previous system security number so that previously applied UTAM Activation Keys and Portable Credit Keys can be reentered to restore full system operation. Also required in cases of system recovery. This key cannot be reused.

Remote access: The ability to dial into a Norstar system from outside the system and make use of selected Norstar features. The lines, features, and dialing capabilities available to a remote user are determined by the Class of Service.

If the remote access line is answered with DISA, the user must enter a Class of Service password to gain access to the Norstar system's features.

Remote paging: This feature allows remote users to use the Norstar paging feature. Access to this feature is governed by the Class of Service for the call. See Remote Access and Class of Service.

Remote Power Interconnect (RPI) device: An interface providing remote power for the Base Stations. Each RPI can power up to 8 or 16 Base Stations.

Routing: See Routing Service.

Routing service: A programming section that allows outgoing calls to be directed automatically based on

the numbers a caller dials. For Norstar systems linked in a network, routing can create a transparent or coordinated dialing plan. It can also be used to direct calls to the least expensive lines according to a Services schedule (sometimes called least cost routing).

Roaming: Roaming is the ability of a portable telephone to make and receive calls anywhere within the coverage area of a Norstar Companion system.

RSSI: See Receive Signal Strength Indicator.

S

Software Keys (U.S. only): Keys and credits administered by UTAM Inc. to control user capacity and to ensure system location verification for unlicensed, personal wireless communication devices. They must be obtained and entered into your Norstar Companion system in order to activate wireless capability.

See also UTAM Inc.

Station Module: A module that allows you to connect up to 16 additional telephones to your Norstar system.

System Coordinator password: A one- to six-digit password that prevents unauthorized access to system programming. The system coordinator password can be

assigned and changed in programming.

System Logical Identifier (LID): a 4-digit number by which the system identifies itself to portable telephones and which the portable telephones use to request service from the system. Only the Installer can change the System LID.

System ID: The System ID (or System Security number) can be accessed on any M7324 or M7310 telephone display by pressing

Feature * * S Y S I D , or
Feature * * 7 9 7 4 3 .

The number is required in order to obtain the keys that will activate your Norstar Companion system's wireless capability.

See also Software Keys.

T

Target lines: Lines used to answer incoming calls only. A target line routes a call according to digits it receives from an incoming trunk. They are referred to by line numbers in the same way as physical lines.

Transfer: A feature that lets you redirect a call to another telephone in your Norstar system, over a network or outside your Norstar system. It also works with a Norstar Companion portable.

Trunk Module: A module that allows you to install additional Trunk Cartridges in your system to provide up to 12 additional trunks.

Twinning: With the XC system, the ability of users who have both a wireline (desk) telephone and Companion portable telephone to answer calls from either device. Twinning is made possible either through assigning Answer DN's or configuring target lines.

U

Undirected Receive Signal Strength Indicator:

A measurement of the signal strength between a portable and the Base Station radio that the portable is currently linked to.

See also Receive Signal Strength Indicator.

UTAM Activation Key (U.S. only):

Activates the wireless capability on a new system and in system upgrades involving a change to the number of Base Stations supported.

UTAM Inc. (U.S. only): The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has appointed UTAM Inc. as the body responsible for coordinating and verifying the installation or relocation of personal wireless communication devices operating between 1.92 GHz and 1.93 GHz. This allows UTAM Inc. to monitor and control the level of

wireless activity within this band for a specified geographical location.

UTAM Recovery Key (U.S. only):

Reactivates a Companion wireless system that has been disabled and restores the Companion system to its previous radio credit capacity. See the troubleshooting chapter.

W

wireless: See Companion.

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After you have finished programming, store your Norstar Programming Overlay in the slots provided on the back cover.

Après avoir terminé la programmation, rangez la grille Norstar dans les fentes prévues à cet effet à la fin de ce guide.

Cuando haya terminado de programar, inserte en estas ranuras su Plantilla de programación Norstar que se encuentra en la contra tapa.

